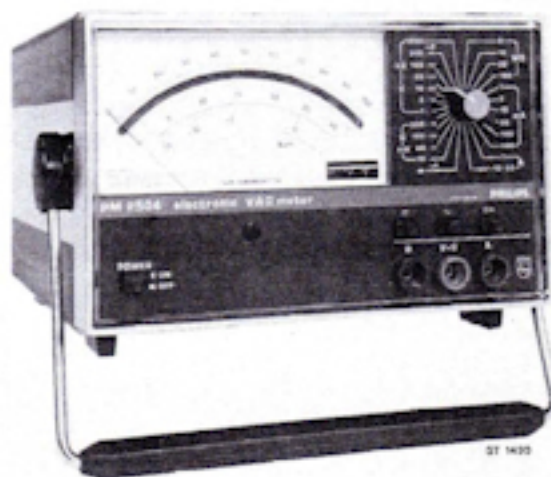


PHILIPS

INSTRUCTION MANUAL
ANLEITUNG
NOTICE D'EMPLOI ET D'ENTRETIEN



Electronic VA Ω meter

PM 2504

9447 025 04..1





SERVICE

Cryogenic Equipment / Electro Chemistry /
Electron Optics / Electronic Weighing /
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Philips Pollution Measuring / Radiation Measuring Equipment / Test and Measuring Equipment / Welding Equipment / X-Ray Analytical Equipment

equipment
for science
and industry

770819

PM 2504

SME 72

Already issued: —

RE : Erratum technical data

II-1.1. D.c. and a.c. voltage

Max. input voltage

1000 V $\overline{=}$ on all ranges600 V $\sim$ on all ranges,

should be changed in:

Max. input voltage

1000 V $\overline{=}$ on all ranges600 V $\sim$ on all ranges

Max. V Hz product

Ranges 10, 30, 100 and 300 mV $\sim$ $\leq 3 \cdot 10^4$ Ranges 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 600 V $\sim$ $\leq 10^7$

Bereits veröffentlicht: —

Betrifft : Erratum Technische Daten

II-1.1. Gleich und Wechselspannungen

Max. Eingangsspannung

1000 V $\overline{=}$ in allen Bereiche600 V $\sim$ in allen Bereichen

soll geändert werden in:

Max. Eingangsspannung

1000 V $\overline{=}$ in allen Bereichen600 V $\sim$ in allen Bereichen

Max. V Hz Produkt

Bereiche 10, 30, 100 und 300 mV $\sim$ $\leq 3 \cdot 10^4$ Bereiche 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 und 600 V $\sim$ $\leq 10^7$

Déjà publié : —

Concerne : Erratum caractéristiques techniques

II-1.1. Tensions continues et alternatives

Tension d'entrée maximale

1000 V $\overline{=}$ pour toutes les gammes600 V $\sim$ pour toutes les gammes

doit être changé à :

Tension d'entrée maximale

1000 V $\overline{=}$ pour toutes les gammes.600 V $\sim$ pour toutes les gammes

Produit maxi V Hz

Gammes 10, 30, 100 et 300 mV $\sim$ $\leq 3 \cdot 10^4$ Gammes 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 et 600 V $\sim$ $\leq 10^7$



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780814

PM 2504/01/02/03/..

SME 77

Already issued : SME 72
Re : 1 Modifications of the instruction manual, codenumber 9499 470 11502
2 Rectifier diodes for measuring system
3 Addition to the parts list

1. MODIFICATIONS

PM 2504/01 and following versions

Capacitor C403, 560pF has been replaced by 82pF, 100 V 10%, ordering number 4822 122 31208.

PM 2504/02 and following versions

Rectifier diodes V510/V513 (FH1100) have been replaced by types BA280, ordering number 5322 130 34302.

In addition to this resistor R515 (8k2) has been modified into 2k7 $\square$ and capacitor C506 has been removed.

Shunts R201, R203 and R204, R205 and R206 have been replaced

R201	90 Ω	1%	2W	5322 116 64032
R203	9 Ω	1%	2W	5322 116 64033 (R203 - R204)
R205	0.9 Ω	1%	2W	5322 113 24147
R206	0.1 Ω	1%	2W	5322 113 24148

Resistors R203 and R204 (4.5 Ω) have been replaced by one 9 Ω resistor R203.

The combined wire wound shunt R205/R206 has been replaced by two precision resistors (refer to Fig. 1.).

Static fields, caused by plastic packing materials, and voltages generated by movement of the measuring system during transport, can damage the rectifier diodes GR510/GR513 of type BA 280. To avoid this the following modifications have been carried out from serialnumber DM 05 2251 on.

- GR510 upto and including GR513 (BA 280) have been replaced by type MBD 102, ordering number 5322 130 34566.
- A capacitor of 100 pF 100 V ceramic plate, codenumber 4822 122 31081 has been mounted in parallel to capacitor C507.
- Diode GR514, BAW62, has been replaced by a stabistor of type BZX75 C1V4, codenumber 5322 130 34047.
- In Anti-parallel to stabistor GR514 a diode of type BAW62, codenumber 5322 130 30613 has been replaced.
- All instruments are packed in paper instead of plastic.

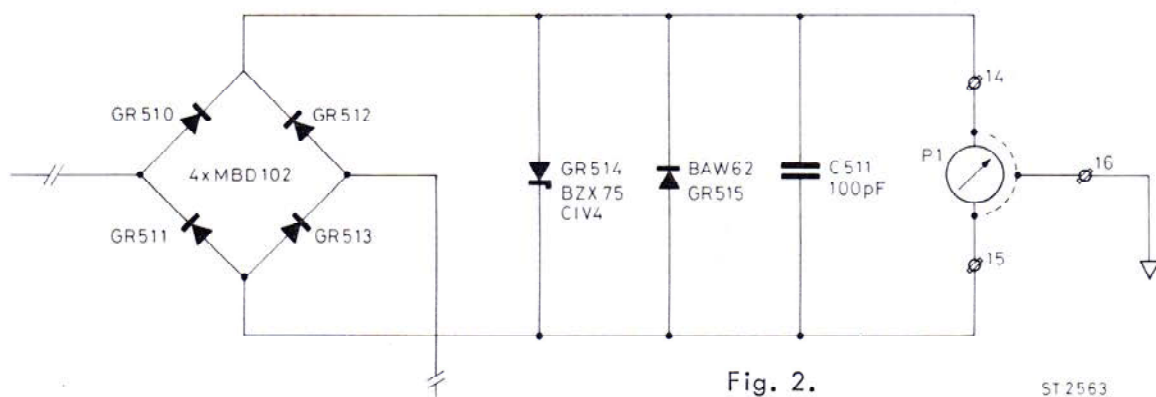


Fig. 2.

ST 2563

Survey: PM 2504/01	4 x FH 1100
PM 2504/02/03	4 x BA 280
PM 2504/04	4 x MBD 102 including above
(DM 05 2251)	mentioned modifications.

3. ADDITION TO THE PARTS LIST

Correction screw for measuring system	5322 500 14213
Transparant window	5322 447 74005
Fuse holder for spark gap F3	5322 256 34057
Rear foot	5322 462 44181
Battery cover spring	5322 492 64719 (3 pieces)



SERVICE

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Advanced Automation Systems
Welding

Scientific &
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820624

PM2504/01/..

SME 97

Already issued : SME 72, SME 77
RE : Modification of partslist and circuit diagram.

As documentation for the PM2504 should be used: Service Manual 9499 470 11502, SME 72, SME 77 and this information sheet.

1. Parts list

Mechanical

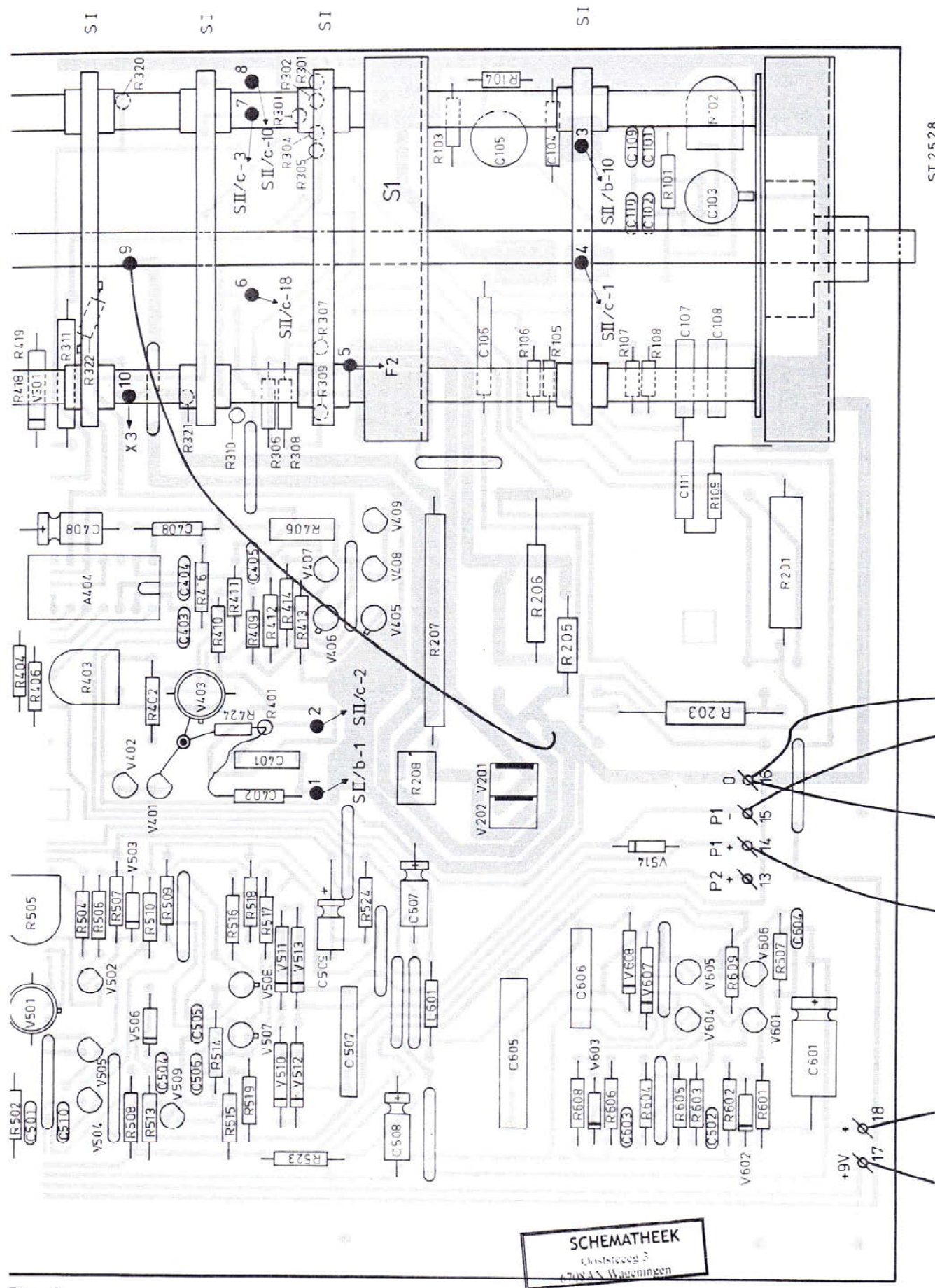
Add: Battery cover spring 5322 492 64719
Rear cover assembly 5322 694 54014
(including battery springs)
— nuts
— sockets (2x)

Electrical

R4. The ordering number of R4 is incorrect, it should be changed into 5322 115 84034.
C2 Should be added, 1nF 10% 500V, 4822 122 31175.
C403 is modified to 820pF 10% 100V, 4822 122 30031
(also refer to SME 77)
R201 The ordering number stated in SME 77 is incorrect, it should be changed into 5322 116 64032.

2. Circuit diagram

C403 is 820pF
Short circuit over R607 should be removed.



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IMPORTANT

In correspondence concerning this instrument please quote the type-number and the serial-number as given on the text-plate at the rear of the instrument.

WICHTIG

Bei einem eventuellen Schriftverkehr über dieses Gerät geben Sie bitte die Typen- und Seriennummer an, die auf dem Typenschild des Gerätes stehen.

IMPORTANT

Nous vous prions de compléter votre correspondance éventuelle, concernant l'appareil en question, du numéro de type et du numéro de série tels que figurant sur la plaque signalétique.

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I. INTRODUCTION

The electronic multifunction meter PM 2504 is a universal measuring instrument with 66 measuring ranges, an integrated amplifier part, a FET - input stage, a linear ohm - scale and a combined V - Ω input socket.

The number of measuring ranges can be increased to 82 using optional accessories such as: x 2 attenuator PM 9262, current transformer PM 9245, HT measuring probe PM 9246 and HF probe PM 9210. The PM 2504 is very easy to control by means of the mono-knob for range selection and three push buttons for the functions " $\overline{\sim}$ ", " $\sim$ ", and " Ω ".

For measuring diodes a special range is available.

The PM 2504 is supplied from six 1.5V batteries while a special socket is available for external 9V power supply.

The high input impedance and high accuracy enables precise measurements to be made on circuits with a high source impedance. The properties mentioned together with the easily readable mirror scale and automatic polarity indication offer a wide range of applications for the multifunction meter in laboratories, TV - and radio service stations, educational purposes and industry.

II. TECHNICAL DATA

Properties expressed in numerical values tolerance stated are guaranteed by the factory. Numerical values without tolerances serve only for information and represent the properties of an average instrument.

II-1 ELECTRICAL DATA

II-1.1 D.c. and a.c. voltages

Measuring range	100 μ V ... 1000 V 11 ranges 10 mV, 30 mV, 100 mV, 300 mV, 1 V 3 V, 10 V, 30 V, 100 V, 300 V and 1000 V
Sensitivity	100 μ V

Input impedance

Range	Impedance
10 mV 30 mV 100 mV 300 mV	10.18 M Ω // 115 pF
1 V 3 V 10 V	10.18 M Ω // 70 pF
30 V 100 V 300 V 1000 V 600 V $\sim$ max.	9.87 M Ω // 70 pF

Accuracy (f.s.d.)

d.c. voltages ± 1 %a.c. voltages ± 1.5 % for sinewave voltages at 50 - 60 Hz.

Frequency influence

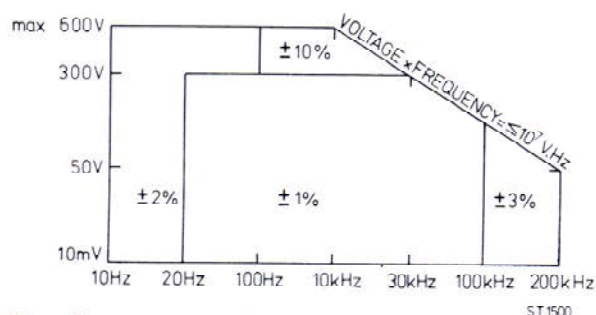


Fig. 1 Frequency characteristic

Max. input voltage

1000 V $\square$ on all ranges600 V $\sim$ on all ranges

Protection

Spark gap 1700 V

11-1.2 D.c. and a.c. currents

Measuring range

10 μ A ... 30 A

9 ranges

1 mA, 3 mA, 10 mA, 30 mA, 100 mA

300 mA, 1 A, 10 A and 30 A

Sensitivity

10 μ A

Accuracy f.s.d.

d.c. currents ± 1.5 %a.c. currents ± 1.5 % 50 - 60 Hz for sinewave currents ± 2.5 % 10 Hz - 1 kHz for sinewave currents

Voltage drop

Range	Voltage drop
1 mA	100 mV
3 mA	35 mV
10 mA	105 mV
30 mA	40 mV
100 mA	125 mV
300 mA	100 mV
1 A	300 mV
10 A	180 mV
30 A	300 mV

Protection

2 A fuse for the ranges 1 mA ... 1 A

For the 10 A and 30 A range a separate input is available

II-1.3 Resistance values

Measuring range

0.1 Ω ... 100 M Ω

15 ranges

10 Ω , 30 Ω , 100 Ω , 300 Ω , 1 k Ω , 3 k Ω 10 k Ω , 30 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 300 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 3 M Ω , 10 M Ω ,
30 M Ω and 100 M Ω Linear Ω - scale

Sensitivity

0.1 Ω

Accuracy (f.s.d.)

Range	Measuring current	Accuracy	
10 Ω	1 mA	$\pm 5 \%$	
30 Ω		$\pm 2.5 \%$	
100 Ω			
300 Ω			
1 k Ω 3 k Ω 10 k Ω	31.6 nA	$\pm 1.5 \%$	
30 k Ω 100 k Ω 300 k Ω	1 μ A		
1 M Ω 3 M Ω 10 M Ω	100 nA		$\pm 2.5 \%$
30 M Ω 100 M Ω	3.16 nA		

Protection

125 mA fuse

Max. permissible voltage 220 V

II-1.4 Diodes

Measuring current

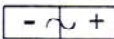
1 mA

Measuring voltage

1 V f.s.d.

II-2 GENERAL DATA

Meter system

Taut band suspension 50 μ APolarity indicator 

Supply

6 $\times$ 1.5 V batteries

(e.g. Type R 14 DD)

Life 1000 hours

Possible battery check

External supply via 9 V input socket

dB scale

Range	
10 mV	- 40 dB
30 mV	- 30 dB
100 mV	- 20 dB
300 mV	- 10 dB
1 V	0 dB
3 V	+ 10 dB
10 V	+ 20 dB
30 V	+ 30 dB
100 V	+ 40 dB
300 V	+ 50 dB
1000 V	+ 60 dB

0 dB = 1 mW, 600 Ω , 0.775 V

Technical data

According to IEC 217

Environmental conditions

According to IEC 359

Climatic conditions

Group 1

Ambient temperature 23 $^{\circ}$ C $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C (reference value)Temperature coefficient < 1 %/10 $^{\circ}$ CRated range of use -10 $^{\circ}$ C ... + 55 $^{\circ}$ CLimit range of storage and transport -40 $^{\circ}$ C ... + 70 $^{\circ}$ C

Relative humidity 20 % ... 80 % (excluding condensation)

A recovery time of a few hours is advised at large fluctuations of temperature and humidity.

Mechanical conditions	Group 2
Supply conditions	Group 2
Max. voltage between "O" and mains earth	400 V $\overline{\sim}$
Dimensions	Height 145 mm Width 236 mm Depth 298 mm Weight 2.7 kg

III. ACCESSORIES

III-1 SUPPLIED WITH THE INSTRUMENT

- Measuring cable PM 9260 (Fig. 2 page 34)
- Fuse 2 A
- Fuse 125 mA
- Instruction manual

III-2 OPTIONAL

III-2.1 x 2 attenuator PM 9262 (Fig. 3 page 34)

Input resistance 10 M Ω

Max. power 1 W

Max. operating voltage 1700 V

III-2.2 Current transformer PM 9245 (Fig. 4 page 34)

Measuring range	10 A ... 100 A $\sim$
Transformer ratio	1000 x (100 A = 100 mA)
Accuracy	$\pm 3 \%$
Frequency range	45 Hz ... 1 kHz
Secondary voltage drop	< 200 mV
Max. voltage to earth	400 V $\sim$
Maximum air gap	0.05 mm

III-2.3 H.T. measuring probe PM 9246 (Fig. 5 page 34)

Maximum voltage	30 kV $\overline{\text{---}}$
Attenuation	1000 x
Input impedance	600 M Ω $\pm$ 5 %
Accuracy	$\pm$ 3 %
Relative humidity	20 % ... 80 %

III-2.4 HF probe PM 9210 (Fig. 6 page 34)

Voltage range	150 mV a.c. ... 15 V a.c. peak to peak rectification calibrated on the RMS value of a sinewave a.c. voltage
Accuracy	with a 10 M Ω $\pm$ 10 % load at 100 kHz $\pm$ 5 % 20 $^{\circ}$ C - 25 $^{\circ}$ C $\pm$ 10 % 15 $^{\circ}$ C - 30 $^{\circ}$ C
Influence of the frequency	$\leq$ 3 dB at 10 kHz and 1 GHz.
Input capacitance	$\leq$ 2 pF
Maximum input voltage	30 V superimposed on 200 V d.c.

Probe PM 9210 in combination with the probe accessories (adjustable earthing pin and Dage adaptor) is suitable for measurements up to a frequency of 100 MHz.

For measurements beyond this frequency it is advisable to use the 50 Ω T - piece and the 50 Ω terminating resistance which are parts of the probe accessories set PM 9212 (Fig. 7 page 34).

III-2.5 9 V - Power supply PM 9218/01 (Fig. 8 page 34)

IV. PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

IV-1 GENERAL

The circuitry of the PM 2504 is built up of an integrated pre-amplifier preceded by attenuators for the various voltage, current and resistance ranges. The pre-amplifier is followed by a second attenuator which is used in all ranges and an amplifier together with the rectifier diodes for the measuring system. At end of range the attenuated input voltage supplied to the amplifier is 31.6 mV. The gain of the amplifier 1.

IV-2 D.C. AND A.C. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS (Fig. 9 page 38)

In the case of d.c. and a.c. voltage measurements the input voltage supplied to the „V" socket and "O" socket is attenuated by the voltage attenuator.

Depending on the range selected, the attenuation is 31.6, 1000, or 10.000.

The attenuated input voltage is then supplied to the pre-amplifier.

The gain of the pre-amplifier is $\times 3.16$ or $\times 1$ depending on the selected range. The output of the pre-amplifier is supplied to the second attenuator which has an attenuation of 3.16, 10 or 31.6. At end of range the voltage supplied to the amplifier (gain $\times 1$) is 31.6 mV in all ranges. The output current of the amplifier is supplied to the measuring instrument via the rectifier circuit and is measured (31.6 mV equals 100 scale divisions). The voltage attenuator, the gain of the pre-amplifier and the second attenuator are controlled by range selector S1. At d.c. voltages the polarity indicator automatically indicates the polarity of the input voltage supplied to the "V- Ω " input socket with respect to the "O" socket.

IV-3 D.C. AND A.C. CURRENTS (Fig. 10 page 38)

By means of shunts the input currents supplied to the "A" and "O" socket are transferred to measuring voltages which are supplied to the pre-amplifier. The gain of the pre-amplifier for all current ranges is $\times 1$. The output of the pre-amplifier is supplied to the second attenuator which has an attenuation of 3.16 or 1 dependent on the selected range. At end of range the voltage supplied to the amplifier is 31.6 mV in all ranges (31.6 mV equals 100 scale divisions). The output voltage of the amplifier is supplied to the measuring instrument via the rectifier diodes and is measured. The shunts, the gain of the pre-amplifier and the second attenuator are controlled by range selector S1. At d.c. currents the polarity indicator indicates the polarity of the input supplied to the "A" socket with respect to the "O" socket.

IV-4 RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

IV-4.1 Ranges 10 Ω - 10 M Ω (Fig. 11 page 38)

Resistance measurements in the 10 Ω to 10 M Ω range are effected by measuring the voltage drop across the unknown resistance R_x . The voltage drop is caused by a constant current flowing through the unknown resistor. The voltage drop V_x is supplied to the pre-amplifier (gain $\times 1$). The output voltage V_x of the pre-amplifier is supplied to the reference amplifier which has an internal voltage source of 1.2 V. The output of the reference amplifier is therefore $1.2V + V_x$. As the input voltage is V_x , the voltage across attenuator R_s is 1.2V. Independently by of the value of R_x , the voltage across R_s is 1.2V and a constant current will flow through the unknown resistor R_x . The output voltage V_x of the pre-amplifier is supplied to the amplifier via the second attenuator which has an attenuation of 1, 3.16, 10 and 31.6 dependent to the select range. At end of range the voltage supplied to the amplifier (gain $\times 1$) is 31.6 mV. The output voltage of the amplifier is supplied to the measuring instrument and measured (31.6 mV equals 100 scale divisions). The attenuator R_s , the gain of the pre-amplifier and the second attenuator are controlled by range selector S1.

IV-4.2 Ranges 30 M Ω and 100 M Ω (Fig. 12 page 38)

In the ranges 30 M Ω and 100 M Ω a constant current from the reference amplifier, which is switched as a constant current source, flows through fixed resistor R . As a result of this a constant voltage source is obtained.

As the unknown resistor R_x is included in the feedback of the pre-amplifier, the gain of the pre-amplifier is dependent on the value of R_x . The output of the pre-amplifier is supplied to the amplifier via the second attenuator (attenuation 10 or 31.6). The output voltage (31.6 mV) of the amplifier (gain $\times 1$) is supplied to the measuring instrument and measured (31.6 mV equals 100 scale divisions).

The second attenuator is controlled by range selector S1.

IV-5 DIODE MEASUREMENTS

For diode measurements a special diode range is available.

Diode measurements are performed in the same way as the resistor measurements described in section IV-4.1.

At end of range the measuring voltage is 1 V and the measuring current is 1 mA. (at full scale deflection).

V. INSTALLATION

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

V-1 POWER SUPPLY

The PM 2504 is powered by six 1.5V batteries, which are accommodated in the battery compartment. Recommended type: R 14 DD.

The battery compartment is accessible by removing the battery cover, (Fig. 15 and 16 page 42).

Note: External power supply is possible by means of the optional 9V power supply PM 9218/01. When used, the PM 9218/01 should be connected to the „EXT 9V DC" input at the rear of the voltmeter (Fig. 15 page 42).

V-2 BATTERY CHECK (Fig. 14, 15 and 16 page 42)

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress function switch "  ".
- Select the 10V range by means of ranges selector switch S1
- Interconnect the "V-Ω" input socket (X1) with the "BATT" socket (X6). The battery supply voltage is available at the "BATT" socket.
- The meter indication should be in the "BATT" region (lower scale). The upper scale indicates the battery voltage in volts.
- If necessary, replace the batteries.

V-3 ZERO SETTING (Fig. 14 and 15 page 42)

Mechanical

- Adjust the pointer to "0" by means of correction screw "A" at the front of the PM 2504 (instrument switched-off).

Electrical

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress function switch "  ".
- Select the 10mV range by means of range selector switch (S1).
- Interconnect the "0" socket and the "V-Ω" socket (Fig. 14 page 42).
- Adjust the polarity indicator to the middle of the a.c. sign.  with potentiometer "0", which is situated at the rear of the PM 2504.

V-4 CALIBRATION (Fig. 14 and 15 page 42)

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress function switch "  ".

- Select the 1 V range by means of range selector switch S1.
- Interconnect the "V- Ω " input socket with the "REF 1 V" socket X4 which is situated at the rear of the PM 2504.
- Adjust the meter indication to 100 scale divisions with potentiometer "CAL".

V-5 RACK MOUNTING

The PM 2504 can be mounted in a 19 "rack by using a mounting set as shown in Fig. 17 page 46 . This set is not supplied by Philips.

VI. MEASURING

VI-1 D.C. AND A.C. VOLTAGES

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress button " --- " or " $\sim$ ".
- Set range selector S1 to the highest voltage range.
- Connect the unknown measuring voltage to the sockets "V- Ω " and "O".
- Select the correct measuring range by means of range selector S1.
- For d.c. voltages the polarity indicator P2 indicates the polarity of the "V- Ω " input socket with respect to the "O" socket.

Note: 1. D.C. voltages between 1 kV and 30 kV can be measured with the H.T. measuring probe PM 9246.

Select an impedance of 10 M Ω on the probe.

2. D.C. voltages with H.F. interference can be measured with the aid of x 2 attenuator PM 9262.
3. H.F. voltages from 100 kHz to 1 GHz and 150 mV to 200 V can be measured with the H.F. measuring probe PM 9210 and probe accessories set PM 9212.

VI-2 D.C. AND A.C. CURRENTS

VI-2.1 Currents up to 1 A

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress button " --- " or " $\sim$ ".
- Set range selector S1 to the highest current range (1A).
- Connect the unknown current to the sockets "A" and "O".
- Select the correct measuring range by means of range selector S1.
- For d.c. currents the polarity indicator P2 indicates the polarity of the "A" socket with respect to the "O" socket.

VI-2.2 Current up to 10 A and 31.6 A

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress button " $\overline{\sim}$ " or " $\sim$ ".
- Set range selector S1 to the "rear - 10-30 A" range.
- Connect currents up to 10 A to the sockets "O" (X7) and "10 A" (X8) and currents up to 31.6 A to the sockets "O" (X8) and 31.6 A (X9).

Note: A.C. currents up to 100 A can be measured with current transformer PM 9245.

VI-3 RESISTANCE VALUES

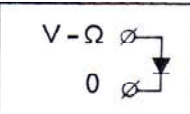
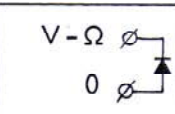
- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress button " $\Omega \leftarrow$ ".
- Connect the unknown resistor to the "V- Ω " and "O" socket.
- Select the correct measuring range by means of range selector knob S1.

Note: 1. Measuring of resistance should be performed without voltage.

2. Due to the use of a linear scale the pointer moves rapidly to the right-hand end of the scale when button " $\Omega \leftarrow$ " is depressed and no resistor is connected to the "V- Ω " and "O" socket. This is normal and will not damage the instrument.

VI-4 DIODE MEASUREMENTS

- Depress push-button switch "POWER ON".
- Depress button " $\Omega \leftarrow$ ".
- Select the diode measuring range " $\leftarrow$ " by means of range selector S1.
- Connect the diode to the "V- Ω " and "O" socket according the table below:

		
Ge	10 - 30	> 100
Si	60 - 70	> 100

VI-5 PROTECTION

Voltage ranges

The voltage ranges are protected with a spark-gap (F3) against a voltage overload up to 1700 V. The spark-gap is accessible after removal of the bottom by means of removing the two screws "B" (Fig. 15 page 42 and Fig. 24 page 53).

Current ranges

The current ranges are protected with a 2 A fuse (F2).

Resistance ranges

The resistance ranges are protected with a 125 mA fuse (F1)

Note: The fuses F1 and F2 placed in the "V- Ω " and "A" socket (see Fig. 13 page 46).

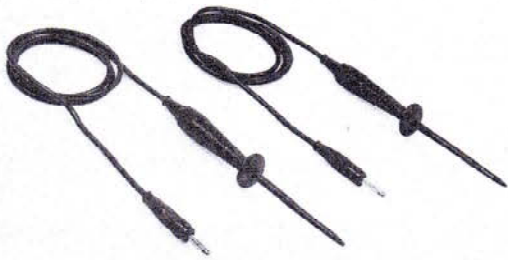


Fig. 2

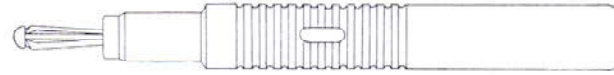


Fig. 3

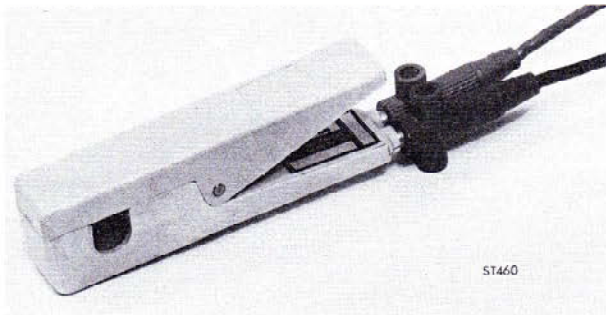


Fig. 4

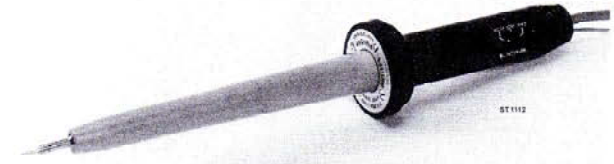


Fig. 5

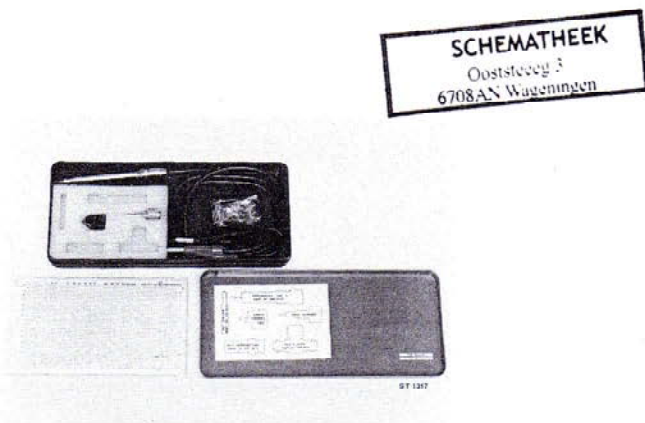


Fig. 6

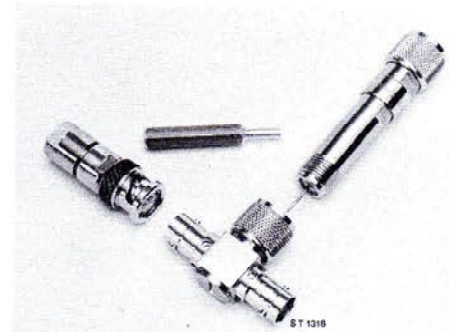


Fig. 7

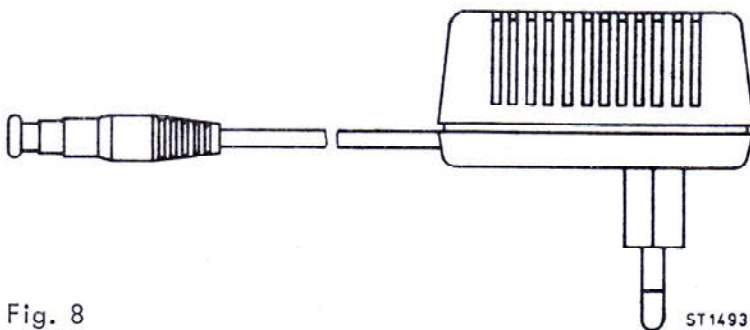


Fig. 8

VOLTAGE

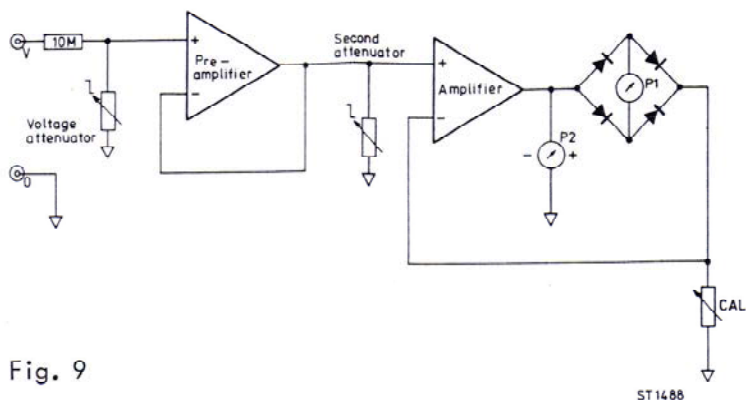


Fig. 9

CURRENT

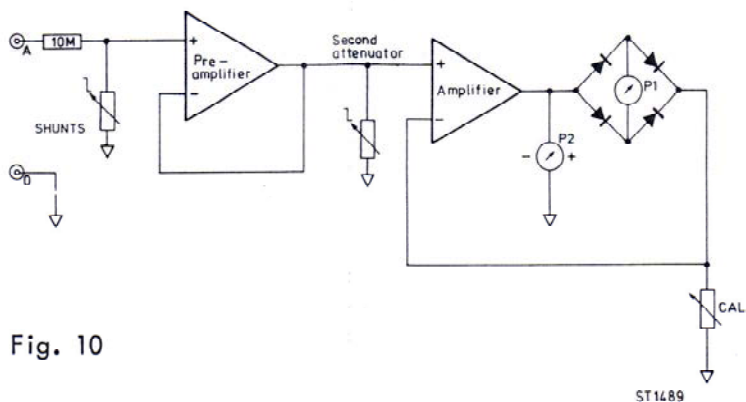


Fig. 10

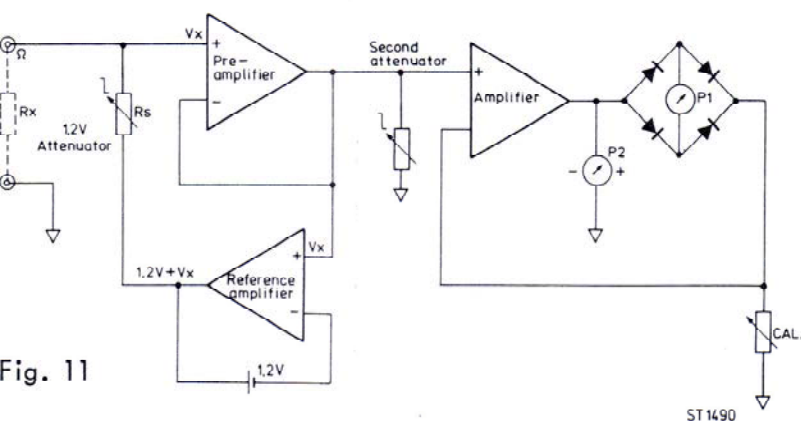
RANGE $10\Omega - 10M\Omega$ 

Fig. 11

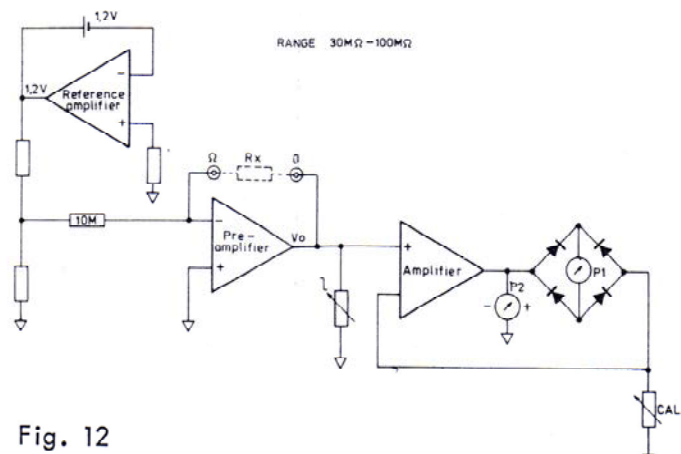
RANGE $30M\Omega - 100M\Omega$ 

Fig. 12

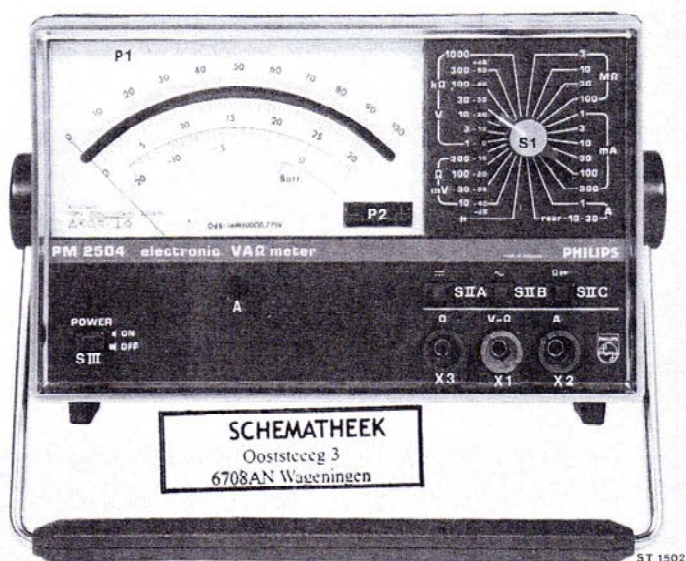


Fig. 14

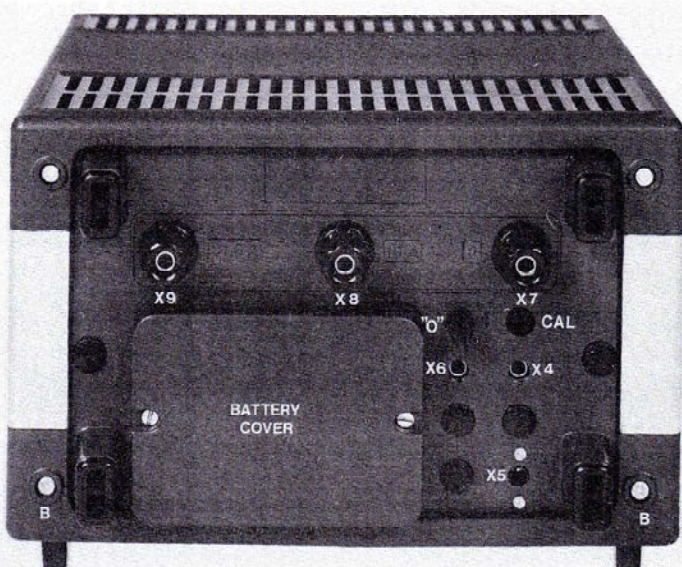


Fig. 15

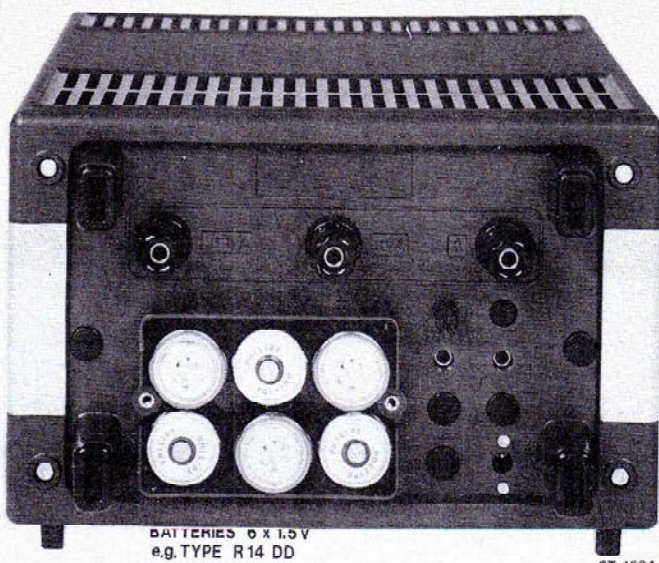


Fig. 16

VII. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

SERVICE DATA

VII-1 GENERAL

The multifunction meter PM 2504 is built up of the input attenuators for the voltage - current and resistance ranges followed by the pre-amplifier (A 404/A) which has a FET-input stage. The pre-amplifier is followed by the second attenuator (R418 upto R423) and the amplifier (gain $\times 1$) which is built up to the transistors V501 upto V509. The output of the amplifier is supplied to the measuring system P1 via the rectifier diodes V510 upto V513. For resistance measurements the voltage reference amplifier (A 404/B) is incorporated in the circuitry of the PM 2504. The attenuation factors of the voltage-, current- and resistance attenuator, the gain of the pre-amplifier and the attenuation factor of the second attenuator is controlled by range selector S1. The gain and attenuation factors for all ranges are given in the figure 18.

Together with the circuit diagram a positive film (Fig. 33) is given of range selector S1. When the figures 1 and 13 of the film are placed on the corresponding figures of the range selector S1 in the circuit diagram (Fig. 32), then range selector S1 is switched in position 10 mV. When sliding the positive film stepwise downwards all the ranges in the sequence of range 10 mV (10 Ω) up to 1000 V (1000 k Ω), 3 M Ω up to 100 M Ω , 1 mA up to rear 10 - 30 A and $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ can be checked (clockwise turning of the range selector).

VII-2 INPUT CIRCUITS

VII-2.1 D.c. and a.c. voltage input circuit

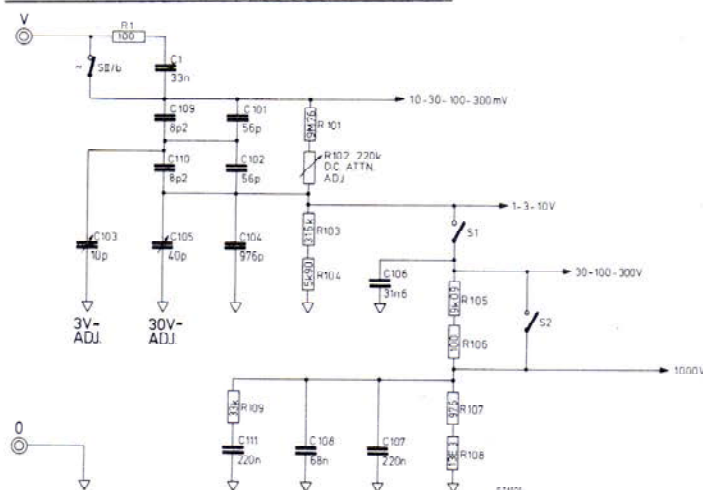


Fig. 19 Voltage input circuit

The input attenuator for d.c. voltages consists of resistors R101 up to R109 and for the a.c. voltage of R101 up to R109 and the frequency compensation capacitors C101 up to C111 (range selector segment S1/a). In case of the ranges 10 - 30 - 100 - 300 mV the input voltage is directly supplied to the pre-amplifier.

The ranges 1 - 3 - 10 V are attenuated by the resistors R101, R102, R103 and R104 (attenuation 31.6 see Fig. 18). Potentiometer R102 is for the D.C. attenuator adjustment and capacitor C103 is for the 3 V $\sim$ adjustment (see section IX).

The ranges 30 - 100 - 300 V are attenuated by the resistors R101 up to R109 (attenuation 1000 see Fig. 18). Switch S1 closed.

Capacitor C105 is for the 30 V $\sim$ adjustment. (see section IX)

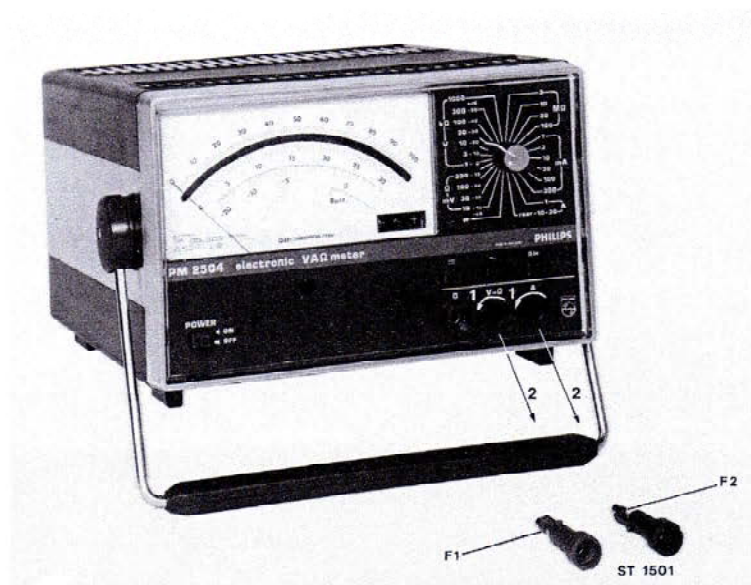
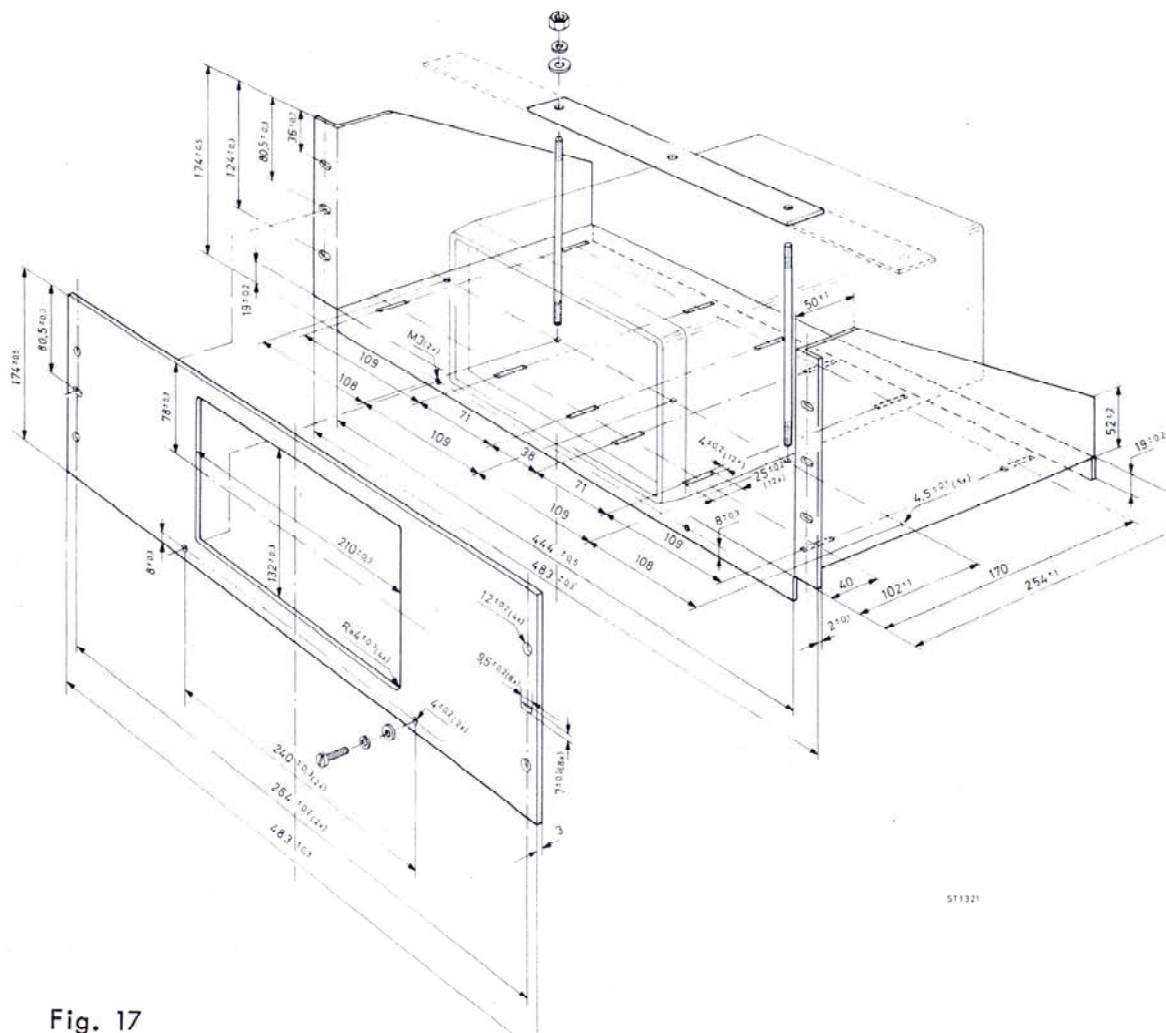


Fig. 13



ST 1321

Fig. 17

The 1000V range is attenuated by resistors R101 up to R105, R107 and R108, (attenuation 10.000 see Fig. 18). R105 and R106 are short circuited as switch S2 is closed.

II-2.2 D.c. and a.c. current input circuit

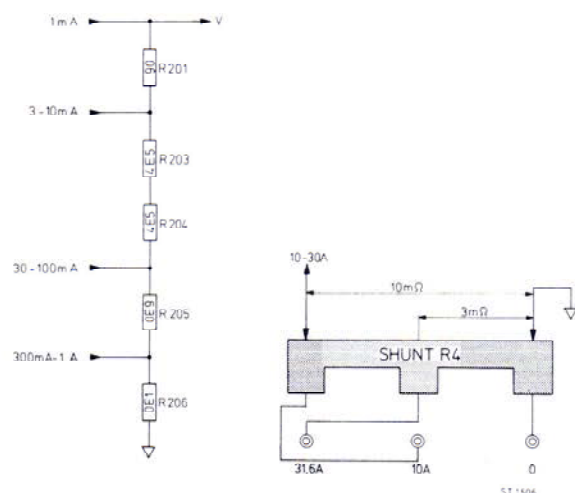


Fig. 20 Current input circuit

The shunts for the current ranges 1 mA up to 1 A consists of the resistors R201 up to R206 and are switched by range selector segment S1/b.

The 10A and 30A ranges are attenuated by shunt R4 which is situated at the rear of the PM 2504. For the attenuation factors refer to Fig. 18.

II-2.3 Resistance input circuits

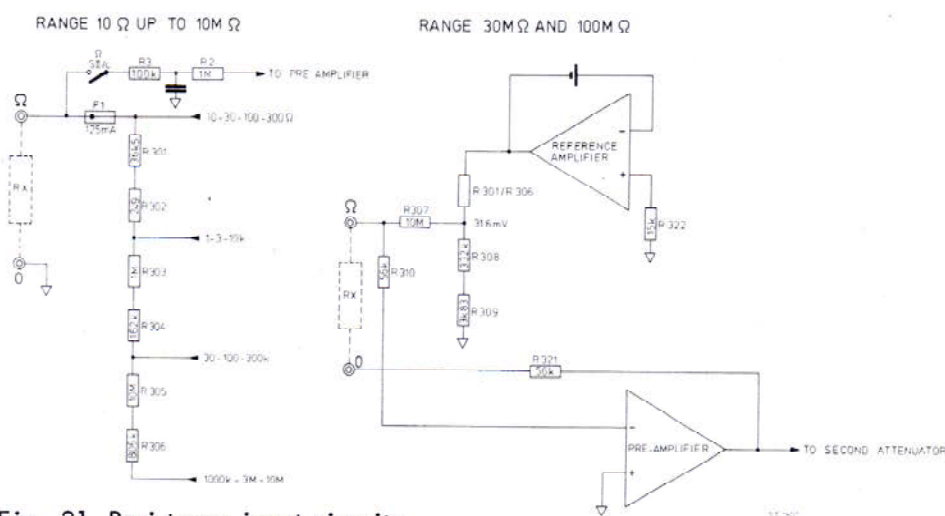


Fig. 21 Resistance input circuits

The series resistor R_s for the resistance ranges $10\ \Omega$ up to $10\ \text{M}\Omega$ consists of the resistor R301 up to R306 and are switched by range selector segment S1/b.

In the ranges $30\ \text{M}\Omega$ and $100\ \text{M}\Omega$ the unknown resistor is switched in the feedback circuit of the pre-amplifier. The pre-amplifier is switched as a non-inverting amplifier and the reference amplifier is switched as a constant current source. The + input of the reference amplifier is switched to zero via resistor R32 (15k). Only in the $30\ \text{M}\Omega$ and $100\ \text{M}\Omega$ range and the diode range the + input of the reference amplifier is connected to zero via resistor R322. In all other ranges the + input of the reference amplifier is connected to the output of the pre-amplifier via resistor R320 (15k). The switching is effected by range selector segment S1/b, S1/c and S1/d.

The principle of resistance measurements is described in Section IV-4.

For the different measuring currents and attenuation factors refer to Fig. 18.

VII-2.4 Diode input circuit

Diode measurements are performed in the same way as the $10\ \Omega$ up to $10\ \text{M}\Omega$ resistance measurements. Only the input of the reference amplifier A 404/B is connected to zero via R322 (15k) instead of being connected to the output of the pre-amplifier. The measuring current is 1 mA f.s.d. and the measuring voltage is 1 V f.s.d. (see Fig. 18).

VII-3 PRE-AMPLIFIER

The attenuated input signal is supplied to the input of the pre-amplifier (gate V403). At d.c. measurements the filter C401/C402 and R401 connects the a.c. component to zero.

The transistors V401, V402 and V408. V409 are safety conductors and start conducting when the in or output voltages of the pre-amplifier exceed 1.4 V. The gain of the pre-amplifier (OQ051) is controlled by range selector segment S1/c point 21. Only in case of the 10 mV range the gain of the pre-amplifier is $\times 3.16$ (refer to Fig. 18). FET V405 is conductive then and FET V406 is blocked, as S1/c point 21 is connected to zero. The output of the pre-amplifier is connected to the input via R410 and R411 and the input is connected to zero via R409.

In all other ranges the gain of the pre-amplifier is $\times 1$, FET V405 is blocked and FET V406 is conductive, thus short circuiting resistors R410 and R411.

VII-4 SECOND ATTENUATOR

The second attenuator (R418 up to R423) is controlled by range selector segment S1/e. The attenuation factors are 1, 3, 16, 10 and 31.6 dependent to the range selected (refer to Fig. 18).

VII-5 AMPLIFIER

The gain of the amplifier is $\times 1$ and the input voltage in all ranges at full scale deflection is 31.6 mV (refer to Fig. 18).

In the feedback of the amplifier the calibration potentiometer R522 and the formfactor network for the a.c. ranges is incorporated (R511, R512 and C503). If sinusoidal voltages or currents are supplied the measuring instrument measures $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \times V = V_{\text{rms}}$ of the input signal with the aid of the formfactor network.

The output current out of the amplifier is supplied to the measuring instrument P1 via the rectifier diodes V510 up to V513. Diode V514 is used as safety - diode.

Only in case of d.c. measurement the polarity of the input signal is measured by polarity indicator P2.

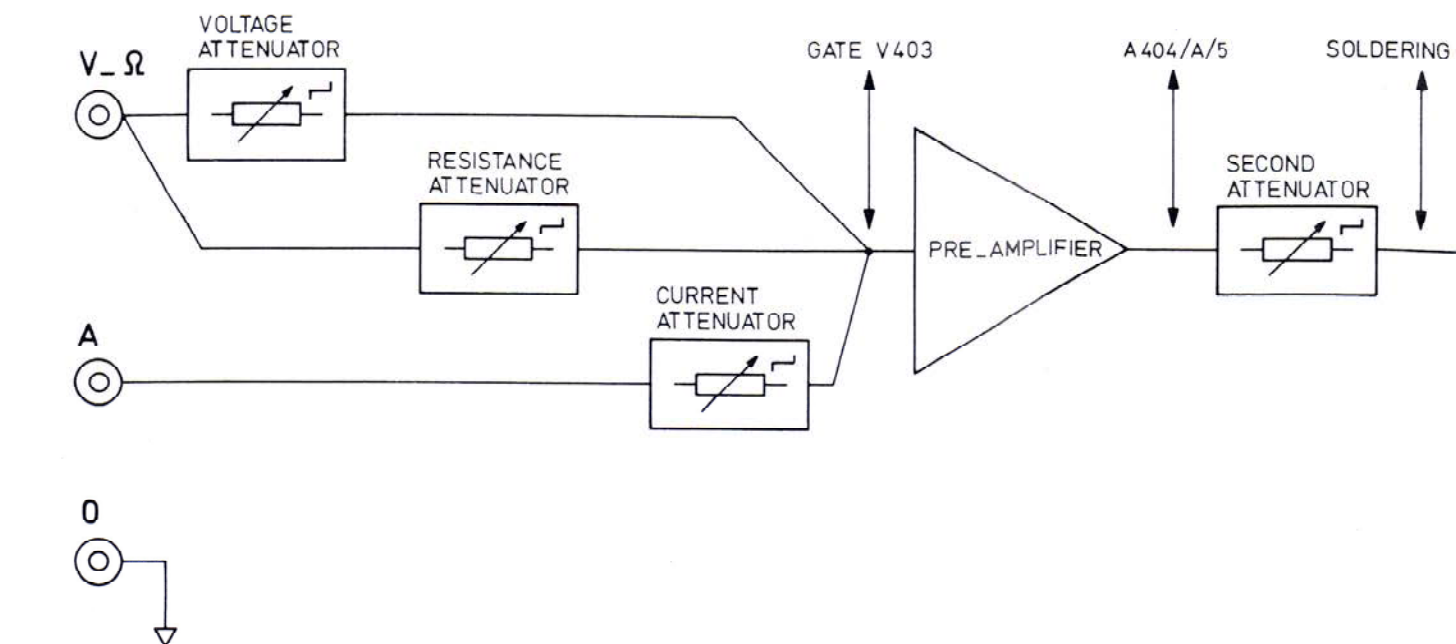
VII-6 REFERENCE AMPLIFIER

The reference amplifier A 404/B has an internal voltage source of 1.2 V and is used at resistance measurements. The output voltage of the reference amplifier is always $V_{\text{in}} + 1.2\text{V}$.

The input of the reference amplifier is connected to the output of the pre-amplifier via resistor R320 (15k) in all ranges except for the ranges $30\ \text{M}\Omega$ and $10\ \text{M}\Omega$.

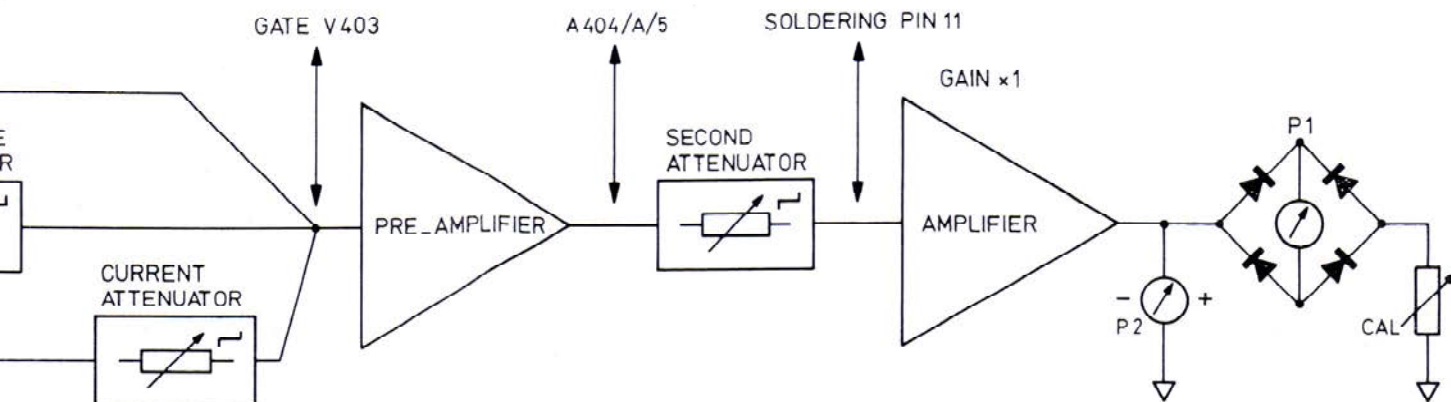
In the ranges $30\ \text{M}\Omega$ and $100\ \text{M}\Omega$ the reference amplifier is switched as a constant current source (refer to Section IV-4.1 and 2). The input then is connected to zero via R322 (15k). At the same time the pre-amplifier is switched as a non-inverting amplifier and the unknown resistor is switched in the feedback circuit of the pre-amplifier.

From the reference amplifier the IV ref. (X4) is obtained for calibrating the PM 2504.



10	10	1	1	mA	x 3.16	31.6 mV	1	31.6 mV
30	30	1	1	mA	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
100	100	1	1	mA	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
300	300	1	1	mA	x 1	316 mV	10	
1	1	31.6	31.6	μA	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
3	3	31.6	31.6	μA	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
10	10	31.6	31.6	μA	x 1	316 mV	10	
30	30	1000	1	μA	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
100	100	1000	1	μA	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
300	300	1000	1	μA	x 1	316 mV	10	
1000	1	10000	100	nA	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
	3		100	nA	x 1	316 mV	10	
	10		100	nA	x 1	1 V	31.6	
	30		—		—	100 mV	3.16	
	100		—		—	316 mV	10	
	1		—	100 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
	3		—	10 Ω	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
	10		—	10 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
	30		—	1 Ω	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
	100		—	1 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
	300		—	100 mΩ	x 1	31.6 mV	1	
	1		—	100 mΩ	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
	rear 10 - 30		—	10 - 3 mΩ	x 1	100 mV	3.16	
			1	mA	x 1	1 V	31.6	31.6 mV

Fig. 18 Blo



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ST 1494

	x 3.16	31.6 mV	1	31.6 mV	100
	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
	x 1	316 mV	10		
	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
	x 1	316 mV	10		
	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
	x 1	316 mV	10		
	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
	x 1	316 mV	10		
	x 1	1 V	31.6		
	—	100 mV	3.16		
	—	316 mV	10		
100 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
10 Ω	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
10 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
1 Ω	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
1 Ω	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
100 mΩ	x 1	31.6 mV	1		
100 mΩ	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
10 - 3 mΩ	x 1	100 mV	3.16		
	x 1	1 V	31.6	31.6 mV	100

scale divisions

Fig. 18 Blockdiagram with attenuation/gain factors

VII-7 POWER SUPPLY

For power supply of the PM 2504 six 1.5 V batteries or external 9 V d.c. power supply can be used.

The power supply consists of an a- stablemultivibrator (≈ 20 kHz) and the transistor V605 and V606 and coil L601.

From the 9 V d.c. the supply voltages + 9 V and - 7.5 V are derived.

VIII. ACCESS

VIII-1 REMOVING THE TOP AND BOTTOM COVER (Fig. 22)

- By means of removing the two crosshead screws A the topcover can be pulled of the PM 2504
- By means of removing the two crosshead screws B bottom cover can be pulled of the PM 2504

VIII-2 REMOVING THE SCREENING PLATES

VIII-2.1 Removing the top - screening plate (Fig. 23)

- Remove the top and bottom cover
- Remove the three screws C and the three screws D
- The top - screening plate can now be lifted of the PM 2504

VIII-2.2 Removing the bottom - screening plate (Fig. 24)

- Remove the top and bottom cover
- Remove the small - screening plate to which the spark gap F3 is fastened in the following way:
 - Remove the spark gap and the spark gap holder
 - Remove the screw which is situated under the sparkgap holder
 - Remove the two screws E
 - The small - screening plate can now be lifted of the PM 2504
- Remove the four screws D
- Remove the three screws G
- The bottom - screening plate can now be lifted of the PM 2504

VIII-3 REPLACING TEXTPLATE, THE MEASURING SYSTEM P1 AND POLARITY INDICATOR P2

- Remove the knob of range selector S1
- Remove the ornamental frame by means of bending out the retaining lugs of the ornamental frame and pulling it from the PM 2504

- Together with the ornamental frame the texplate is removed.
- By removing the two crosshead screws of the transparent window, the transparent window and measuring system P1 can be removed (take care that the wires to the measuring system do not brake or damage the measuring system).
- After removal of the measuring systems, polarity indicator P2 is accessible.

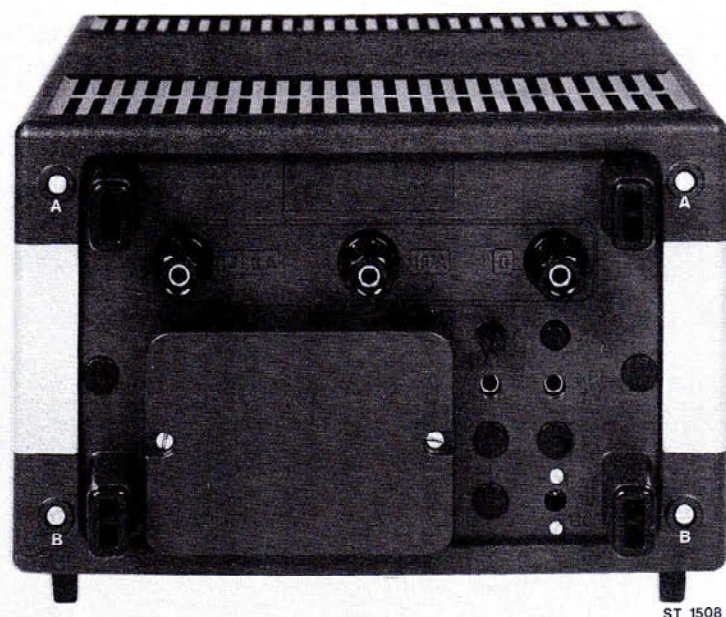


Fig. 22 Removing the top- and bottom cover

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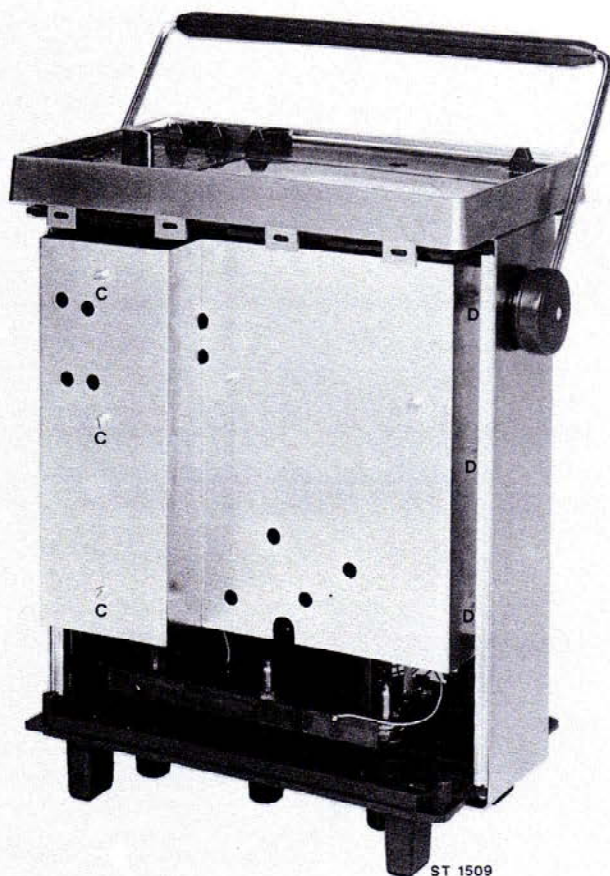


Fig. 23 Removing the top screening plate

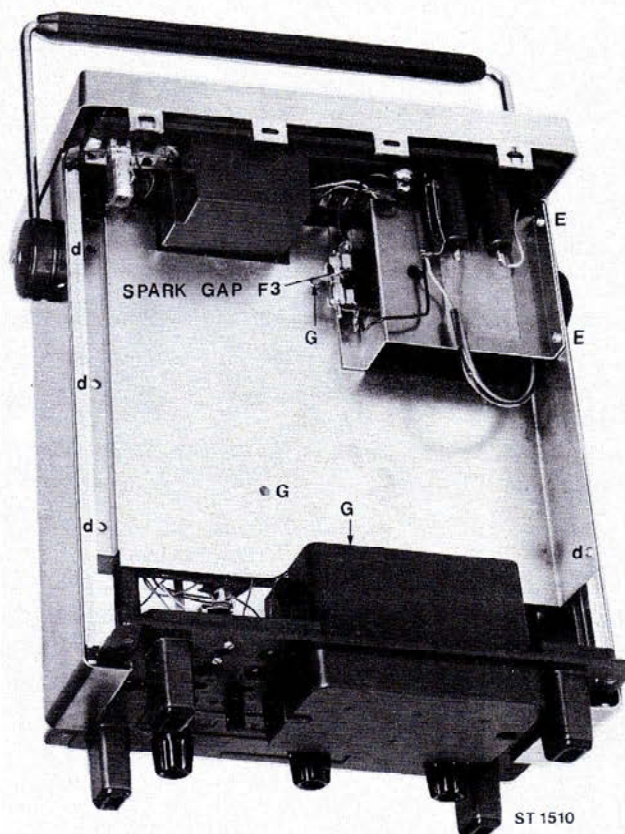
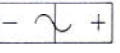
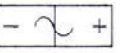


Fig. 24 Removing the bottom screening plate

IX-2. ADJUSTING TABLE

ADJ. NO.	ADJUSTMENT	ADJUSTING ELEMENT	PREPARATIONS	MEASURING POINTS	ADJUSTMENT DATA
1.1.	Battery check	—	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 10 V $\approx$ range Interconnect the "V Ω " and "BATT" socket	Visible on measuring system P1	The meter indication should be in the "BATT" region (lower scale)
1.2.	Battery check With this battery check also the power supply part of the PM 2504 can be checked.	—	Remove the top and bottom cover of the PM 2504 Also remove the top and bottom screening plate Depress pushbutton "POWER ON"	Soldering pin 19 Soldering pin 20 Capacitor C607	+9 V 0 V -7.5 V In this way the d.c. to d.c. converter in the power supply part is checked.
2.	Zeroseetting (mechanical)	Correction screw "A"	PM 2504 switched off	Visible on measuring system P1	Adjust the pointer to zero.
3.1.	Zeroseetting (electrical) If the electrical zeroseetting by means of potentiometer "0" can not be made first carry out the offset adjustment of the pre-amplifier and the amplifier (3.2. and 3.3.)	Potentiometer "0" (R405)	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 10 mV $\approx$ range Interconnect socket "0" and "V Ω "	Visible on polarity indicator P2	Adjust the polarity indicator to the middle of the a.c. sign. 
3.2.	Offset coarse amplifier	Potentiometer R505	Remove the top and bottom cover and the top and bottom screening plate Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 30 mV $\approx$ range Interconnect soldering pins 11 and 12	Visible on polarity indicator P2	Adjust the polarity indicator to the middle of the a.c. sign. 
3.3.	Offset coarse pre-amplifier	Potentiometer R403	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 10 mV $\approx$ range Interconnect the "V Ω " and "0" socket Place potentiometer R405 ("0") in its mid position	Visible on polarity indicator P2	Adjust the polarity indicator to the middle of the a.c. sign. 
4.	Gain of the amplifier	Potentiometer "CAL." R522	Remove the top and bottom cover and the top and bottom screening plate Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 30 mV $\approx$ range a. Supply +31.62 mV $\pm$ 1 μ V to soldering pin 11 (+) and soldering pin 12 (zero) b. Supply -31.62 mV $\pm$ 1 μ V to soldering pin 11 (-) and soldering pin 12 (zero)	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
5.	Check zeroseetting electrical (adj. 3) and if necessary repeat these adjustments.	—	—	—	—
6.	1.2 V	Potentiometer R315	Remove the top and bottom cover and the top and bottom screening plate Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the diode measuring range	Left-hand pin of potentiometer R315 (see figure 26) Soldering pin 20 zero	1200 mV $\pm$ 1 mV
7.	D.C. attenuator	Potentiometer R102	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 1 V $\approx$ range Supply +1.000 V $\pm$ 1 mV and -1.000 V $\pm$ 1 mV to the "V Ω " and the "0" socket	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
8.	1 V reference	Potentiometer R317	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 1 V $\approx$ range Interconnect the "V Ω " socket with the "1 V $\approx$ " socket at the rear of the PM 2504	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
9.	Calibration	Potentiometer "CAL." R522	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 1 V $\approx$ range Interconnect the "V Ω " socket with the "1 V $\approx$ " socket at the rear of the PM 2504	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
10.	Shunt R4 This adjustment must only be carried out in case of replacement of the shunt R4.	Shunt R4 a. Soldering point "A" b. Soldering point "B"	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the "REALT-10A-30A $\approx$ " range Interconnect soldering pin 10/30A and the "10 A" (X8) socket a. Supply 31.6 A $\approx$ to the "31.6 A" input (X9) and the "0" A input (X7) <i>Note: The wire must be soldered to that point on the small adjusting surface "A" until the measuring instrument P1 indicates 100 scale divisions.</i> b. Disconnect the wire between input (X8) and soldering pin 10/30A. Supply 10 A $\approx$ to the "10 A" input (X8) and the "0" A input (X7). <i>Note: The wire must be soldered to that point on the large adjusting surface "B" until the measuring instrument P1 indicates 100 scale divisions.</i>	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
Adjustment numbers 11 and 12 must be carried out with mounted screening plates.					
11.	30 V range	Trimming capacitor C103	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 30 V range Supply 31.6 V $\pm$ 10 mV frequency 10 kHz $\pm$ 1% to the "V Ω " and "0" socket	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions
12.	3 V range	Trimming capacitor C105	Depress pushbutton "POWER ON" Select the 3 V range Supply 3.16 V $\pm$ 1 mV frequency 10 kHz $\pm$ 1% to the "V Ω " and "0" socket	Visible on measuring system P1	100 scale divisions

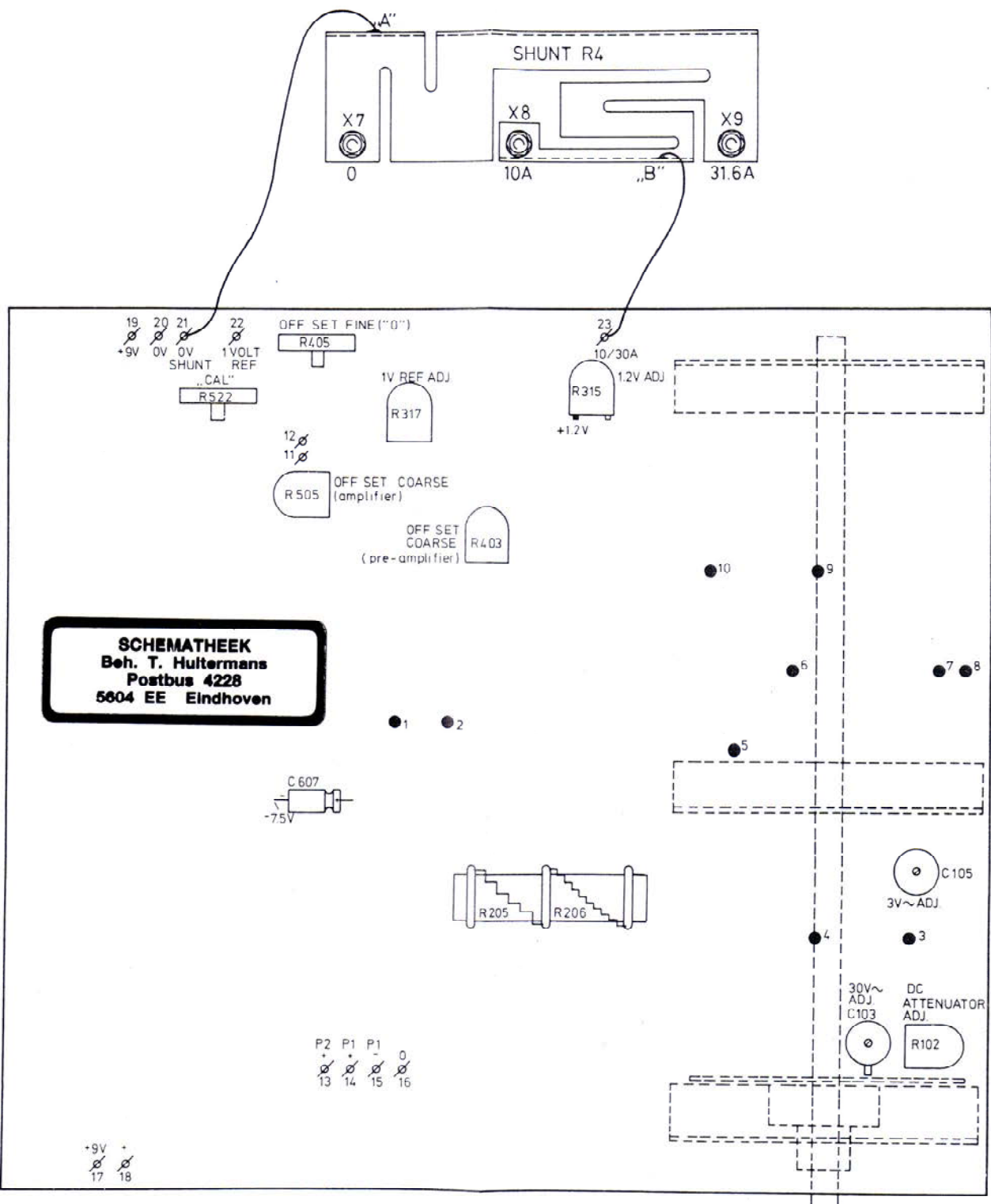


Fig. 26 Adjusting elements

IX. CHECKING AND ADJUSTING

IX-1 ADJUSTING PROCEDURE

The tolerances stated in this chapter correspond to the factory data, which only apply for a complete readjusted instrument.

The tolerances may deviate from those mentioned in the technical data.

When adjusting the PM 2504 the following rules should be taken into account:

- Adjusting the PM 2504, only reference voltage and measuring equipment with the required accuracy should be applied.
- When individual components such as semiconductors or integrated circuits are replaced, the relevant parts of the circuitry should be completely readjusted.
- When adjustments are made always carry out the zero setting and calibration again.
- For the adjustments 1 upto 10 it is not necessary that the screening plates are mounted. For adjustments 11 and 12 the screening plates must be mounted.

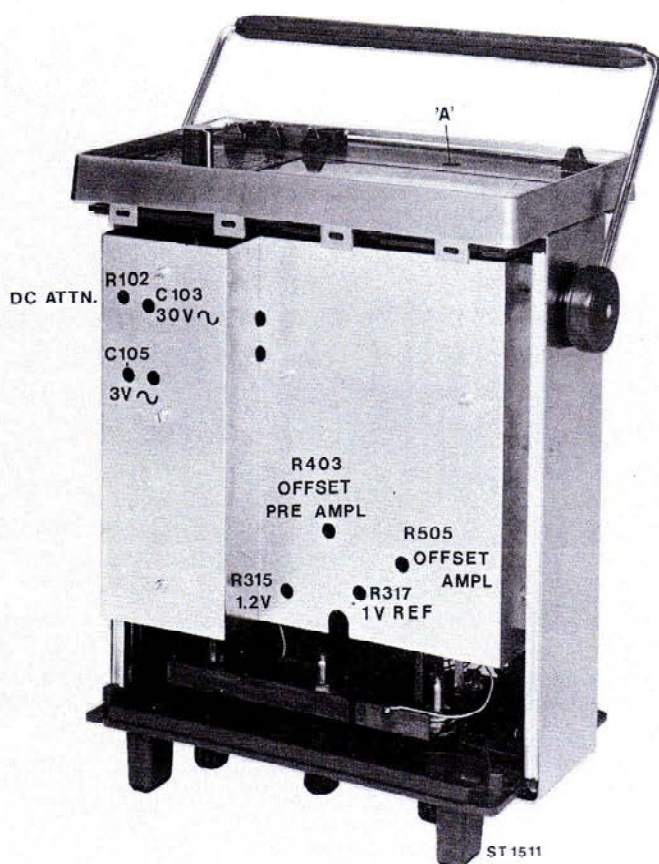


Fig. 25 Position of adjusting elements

X. LIST OF PARTS

X-1 MECHANICAL

Item	Fig.	Qty.	Ordering number			Description
1	27	2	5322	447	94068	Top - or bottom cover
2	27	4	5322	462	44121	Foot
3	27	1	5322	460	64003	Ornamental strip
4	27	2	5322	535	74367	Spindle for handle
5	27	1	5322	520	34138	Bearing bush, left
6	27	1	5322	520	34139	Bearing bush, right
7	27	2	5322	498	74003	Cup for handle
8	27	1	5322	498	54032	Handle assembly
9	27	1	5322	460	64002	Ornamental frame
10	27	1	5322	414	64039	Knob for range selector S1
11	27	1	5322	414	74019	Cap for knob S1
12	27	1	5322	276	34029	Function switch S2 Assy.
13	27	1	5322	276	14227	Power on switch S3
14	27	4	5322	414	24883	Knob for push button switch S2, S3
15	27	1	5322	456	14048	Textplate
18	27	1	5322	344	54003	Measuring system P1
19	27	1	5322	347	10061	Polarity indicator P2
20	27	1	5322	532	24423	Socket "O"
21	27	1	5322	256	34048	Fuse holder "V-Ω" (red)
22	27	1	5322	256	34036	Fuse holder "A"
23	28	1	5322	447	94318	Battery cover
24	28	2	5322	414	34171	Potentiometer knob
25	28	2	5322	532	24423	Socket "1 VREF / BATT"
26	28	1	5322	265	20051	Socket with switch "EXT 9V DC"
27	28	3	5322	290	64103	Socket 0, 10A, 31.6A
28	29	1	5322	532	54209	Coupling piece for range selector S1
29	29	1	5322	273	84021	Segment switch Assy S1
	30	1	5322	255	44044	IC socket A404

X-2 MISCELLANEOUS

30	29	1	5322	216	74044	P.c. board U1 without IC A404
31	29	1	5322	115	84009	Shunt 31.6/10A R4
22	28	1	5322	253	20023	Fuse 2 A F1
21	28	1	5322	253	20007	Fuse 125 mA F2
-	-	1	5322	252	60019	Spark-gap 1700V F3
L601	32	1	5322	158	10329	Coil 2200 μH

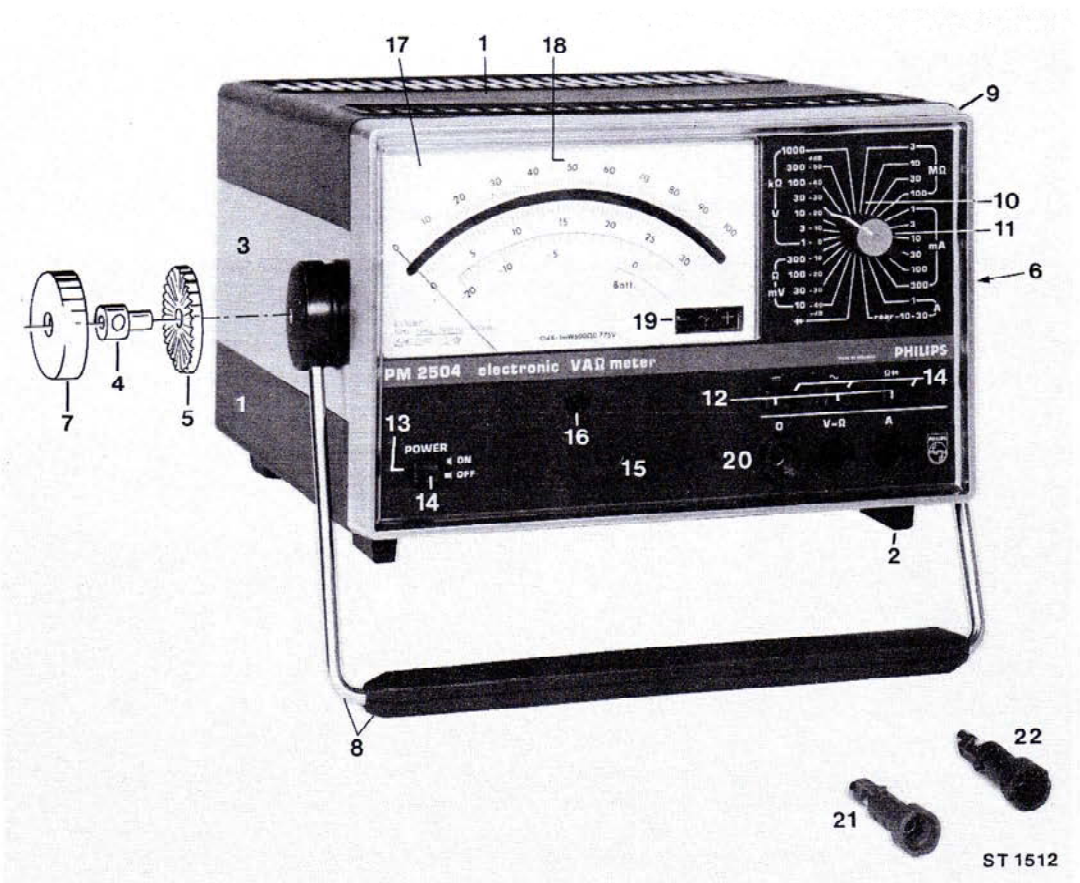


Fig. 27 Front view with item numbers

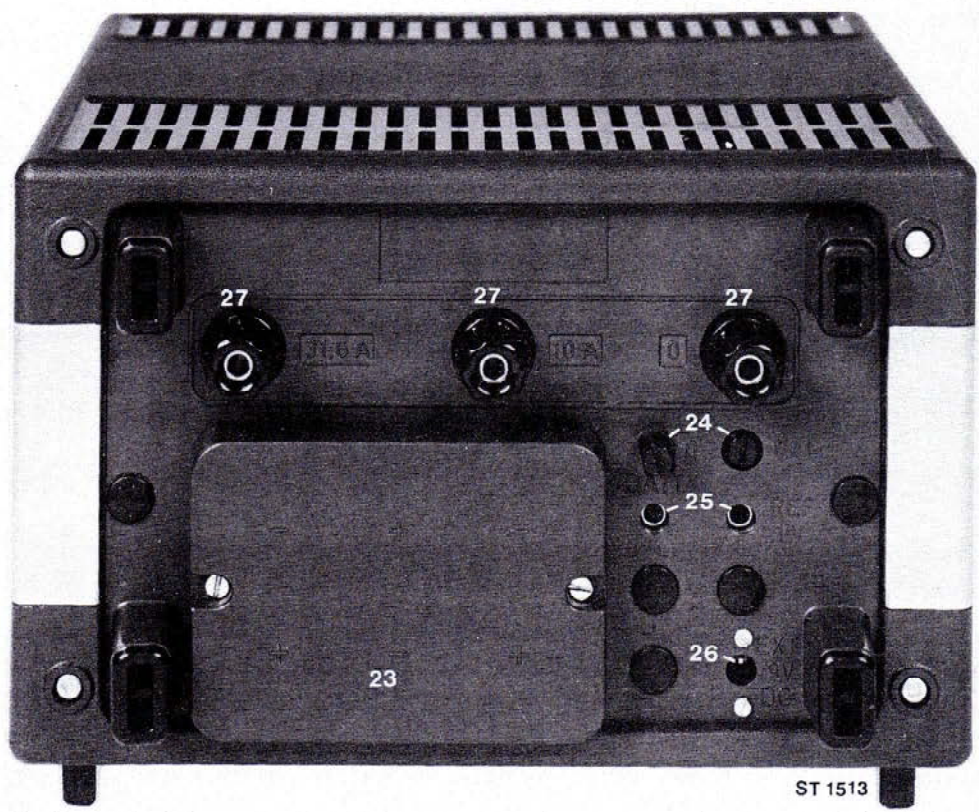


Fig. 28 Rear view with item numbers

SCHEMATHEEK
Beh. T. Hultermans
Postbus 4228
5604 EE Eindhoven

SCHEMATHEEK

Ooststeeg 3
6708AN Wageningen

28

29

30

31

ST 1514

Fig. 29 Inside view with item numbers

K-3 ELECTRICAL

K-3.1 Resistors

Item	Ordering number			Value (Ω)		Tol (%)		Series
R4	5322	115	84009	3/10m				Shunt
R101	5322	116	64036	9.76	M	1		VR 37 Metal glass
R102	4822	100	10088	220	k	20		Potentiometer 0.1 W
R103	5322	116	55083	316	k	0.1		MR34C
R104	5322	116	50583	5.9	k	1		MR25
R105	5322	116	55081	9.09	k	0.1		MR24C
R106	5322	116	54469	100		1		MR25
R107	5322	116	55082	976		0.1		MR24C
R108	5322	116	51047	13.3		1		MR25
R201	5322	113	24096	90		0.25		0.6 W metal film
R203	5322	113	24095	4.5		0.25		0.6 W metal film
R204	5322	113	24095	4.5		0.25		0.6 W metal film
R205/206	5322	115	80099	0.1/0.9		-		Shunt wire-wound
R207	5322	113	60028	2.2		10		2 W
R208	5322	116	34035	15				NTC
R301	5322	116	54333	36.5	k	0.25		MR24C
R302	5322	116	54499	249		1		MR25
R303	5322	116	54237	1	M	0.25		MR54C
R304	5322	116	54716	162	k	1		MR25
R305	5322	116	64002	10	M	1		VR 37 Metal glass
R306	5322	116	55078	806	k	1		MR30
R307	5322	116	64002	10	M	1		VR 37 Metal glass
R308	5322	116	54185	332	k	0.25		MR34C
R309	5322	116	54589	3.83	k	1		MR25
R311	4822	112	21081	100				4.2 W WR0617E
R312	5322	116	50844	1.1	k	0.1		MR24C
R315	4822	100	10107	470	k	20		Potentiometer 0.1 W
R316	5322	116	50664	205	k	1		MR25
R317	4822	100	10052	200	k	20		Potentiometer 0.1 W
R318	5322	116	54708	133	k	1		MR25
R319	5322	116	54327	1	M	1		MR30
R403	4822	100	10038	470		20		Potentiometer 0.1 W
R405	5322	101	14124	100	k	20		Potentiometer 0.25 W
R409	5322	116	50748	10	k	0.1		MR24C
R410	5322	116	54152	21.5	k	0.1		MR24C
R411	5322	116	54489	169		1		MR25
R417	5322	116	50748	10	k	0.1		MR24C
R418	5322	116	55079	4.75	k	0.1		MR24C
R419	5322	116	54721	178	k	1		MR25
R420	5322	116	50752	1.15	k	0.1		MR24C
R421	5322	116	50482	33.2	k	1		MR25
R422	5322	116	54996	332		0.1		MR24C
R423	5322	116	54641	19.6	k	1		MR25
R505	4822	100	10038	470		20		Potentiometer 0.1 W
R511	5322	116	54655	30.1	k	1		MR25

Item	Ordering number			Value (Ω)		Tol (%)	Series
R512	5322	116	54738	27.4	k	1	MR25
R520	5322	116	54552	1.05	k	1	MR25
R521	5322	116	50635	1.47	k	1	MR25
R522	5322	101	14123	330		20	Potentiometer 0.25 W

X-3.2 Capacitors

Item	Ordering number			Value (F)		Tol (%)	Voltage (V)	Description
C1	4822	121	40322	33	n	10	630	Polyester
C101	4822	122	31206	56	p	2	500	Ceramic
C102	4822	122	31206	56	p	2	500	Ceramic
C103	5322	125	54037	10	p	-	500	Trimming cap
C104	5322	121	54088	910	p	1	250	Polystyrene
C105	5322	125	54038	40	p	-	250	Trimming cap
C106	5322	121	54169	31.6	n	1	63	Polystyrene
C107	4822	121	40232	220	n	10	100	Polyester
C108	4822	121	41156	68	n	10	100	Polyester
C109	4822	122	31194	8.2	p	± 0.25 pF	500	Ceramic
C110	4822	122	31194	8.2	p	± 0.25 pF	500	Ceramic
C111	4822	121	40232	220	n	10	100	Polyester
C401	4822	121	41134	10	n	10	630	Polyester
C402	4822	121	40042	47	n	10	250	Polyester
C403	4822	122	31166	560	p	10	100	Ceramic
C404	4822	122	30098	3.9	n	10	100	Ceramic
C405	4822	122	31054	10	p	2	100	Ceramic
C406	5322	121	40301	15	n	10	250	Polyester
C407	4822	124	20461	47	μ	-10/+50	10	Electrolytic
C408	4822	124	20461	47	μ	-10/+50	10	Electrolytic
C501	4822	122	31177	470	p	10	100	Ceramic
C502	4822	122	31074	56	p	2	100	Ceramic
C503	5322	121	40197	1	μ	10	100	Polyester
C504	4822	122	30103	22	n	-20/+80	40	Ceramic
C505	4822	122	30103	22	n	-20/+80	40	Ceramic
C506	4822	122	31043	3.9	p	± 0.25 pF	100	Ceramic
C507	5322	121	40197	1	μ	10	100	Polyester
C508	4822	124	20461	47	μ	-	10	Electrolytic
C509	4822	124	20461	47	μ	-	10	Electrolytic
C510	4822	122	31056	12	p	2	100	Ceramic
C601	4822	124	20589	220	μ	-	10	Electrolytic
C602	4822	122	31164	1.8	n	10	100	Ceramic
C603	4822	122	31164	1.8	n	10	100	Ceramic
C604	4822	122	30114	22	n	-20/+100	40	Ceramic
C605	5322	121	40256	2.2	μ	10	100	Polyester
C606	5322	121	40197	1	μ	10	100	Polyester
C607	4822	124	20461	47	μ	-	10	Electrolytic

X-3.3 Semiconductors

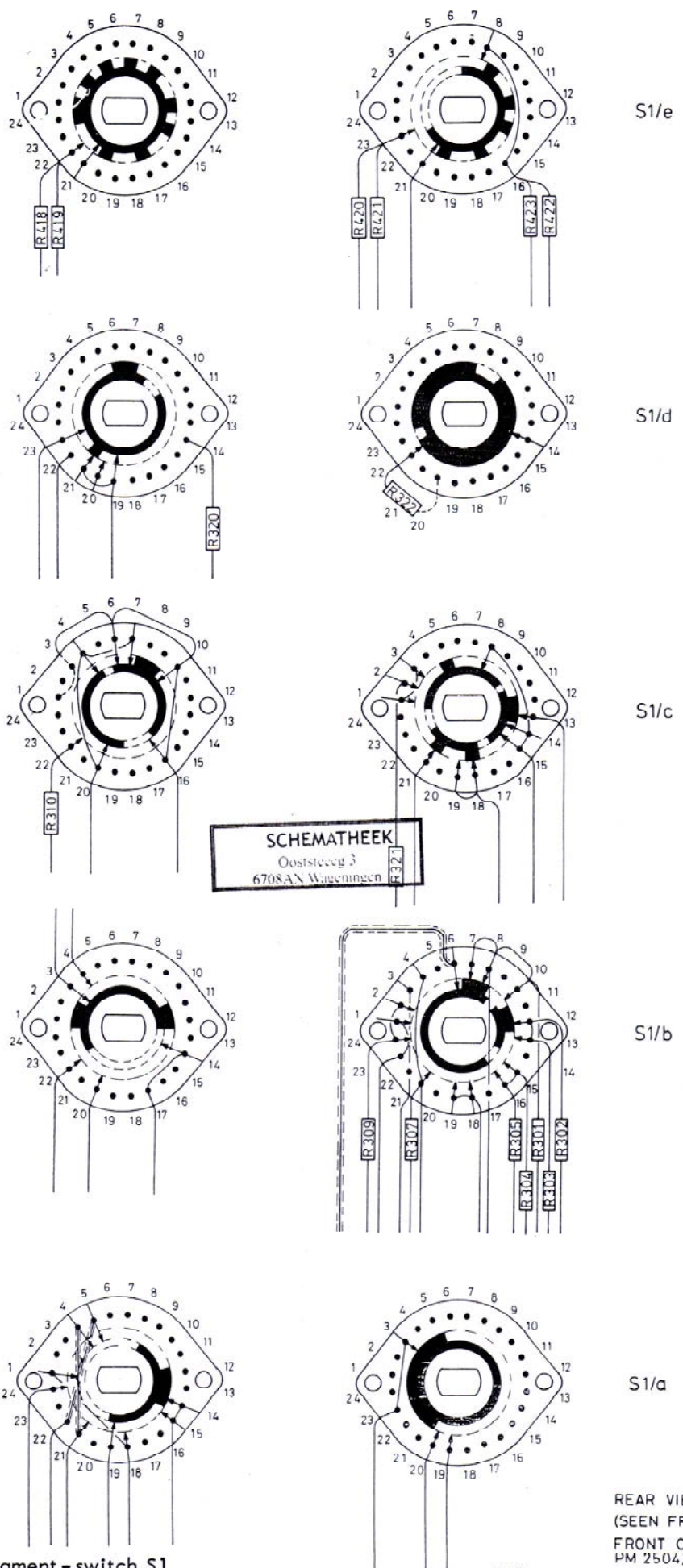
Item	Ordering number			Description	
V201	5322	130	34262	BYX72-300	Diode
V202	5322	130	34262	BYX72-300	Diode
V301	5322	130	34299	BZX70/C10	Zenerdiod
V401	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V402	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V403	5322	130	44528	ON527	Transistor
V405	5322	130	34044	BSV 80	Transistor
V406	5322	130	34044	BSV 80	Transistor
V407	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V408	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V409	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V501	5322	130	44355	BFQ 10	Transistor
V502	5322	130	44257	BC 547	Transistor
V503	5322	130	30773	BZX79-C4V7	Zenerdiod
V504	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V505	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V506	5322	130	30613	BAW62	Diode
V507	5322	130	40493	BFY 90	Transistor
V508	5322	130	40493	BFY 90	Transistor
V509	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V510	5322	130	34062	FH1100	Diode
V511	5322	130	34062	FH1100	Diode
V512	5322	130	34062	FH1100	Diode
V514	5322	130	30613	BAW62	Diode
V601	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V602	5322	130	30613	BAW 62	Diode
V603	5322	130	30613	BAW 62	Diode
V604	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V605	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V606	4822	130	40963	BC 559	Transistor
V607	5322	130	30191	OA 95	Diode
V608	5322	130	30191	OA 95	Diode

X-3.4 Integrated circuits

Item	Ordering number			Description	
A404	5322	209	84444	OQ 051	



Fig. 30 P.c. board U1



FRONT VIEW

REAR VIEW
(SEEN FROM THE
FRONT OF THE
PM 2504)

Fig. 31 Segment-switch S1

ST 1475

How to use the positive film

- Place the figures 1 and 13 on the corresponding figures of range selector S1 in the circuit diagram (Fig. 32). Range selector S1 is switched in position 10 mV.
- When sliding the film stepwise downwards all the ranges in the sequence of range 10 mV ($10\ \Omega$) upto 1000 V (1000 k Ω), 3 M Ω upto 100 M Ω , 1 mA upto rear 10 -30 A and $\rightarrow$ can be checked.
(clockwise turning of the range selector knob)

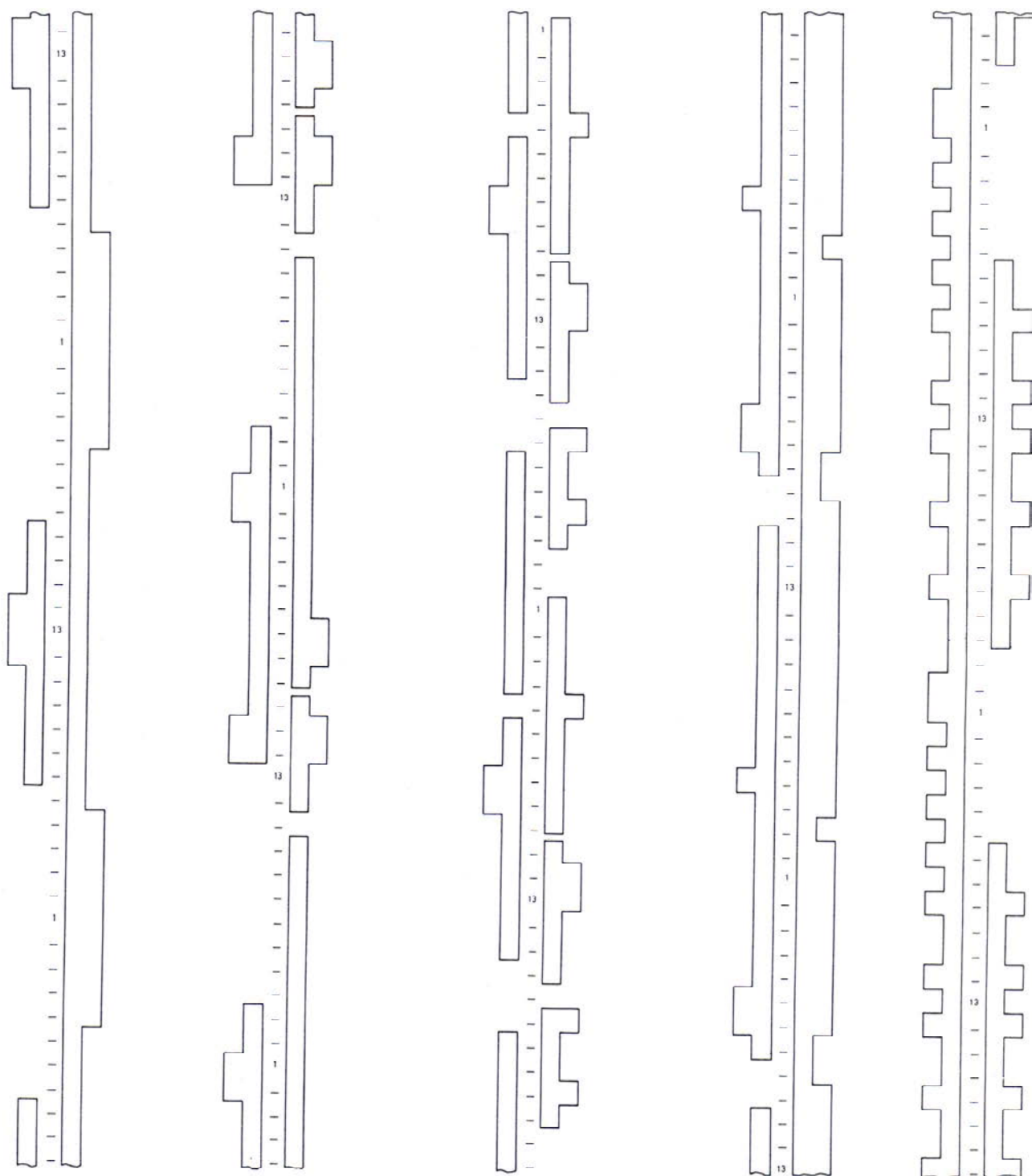
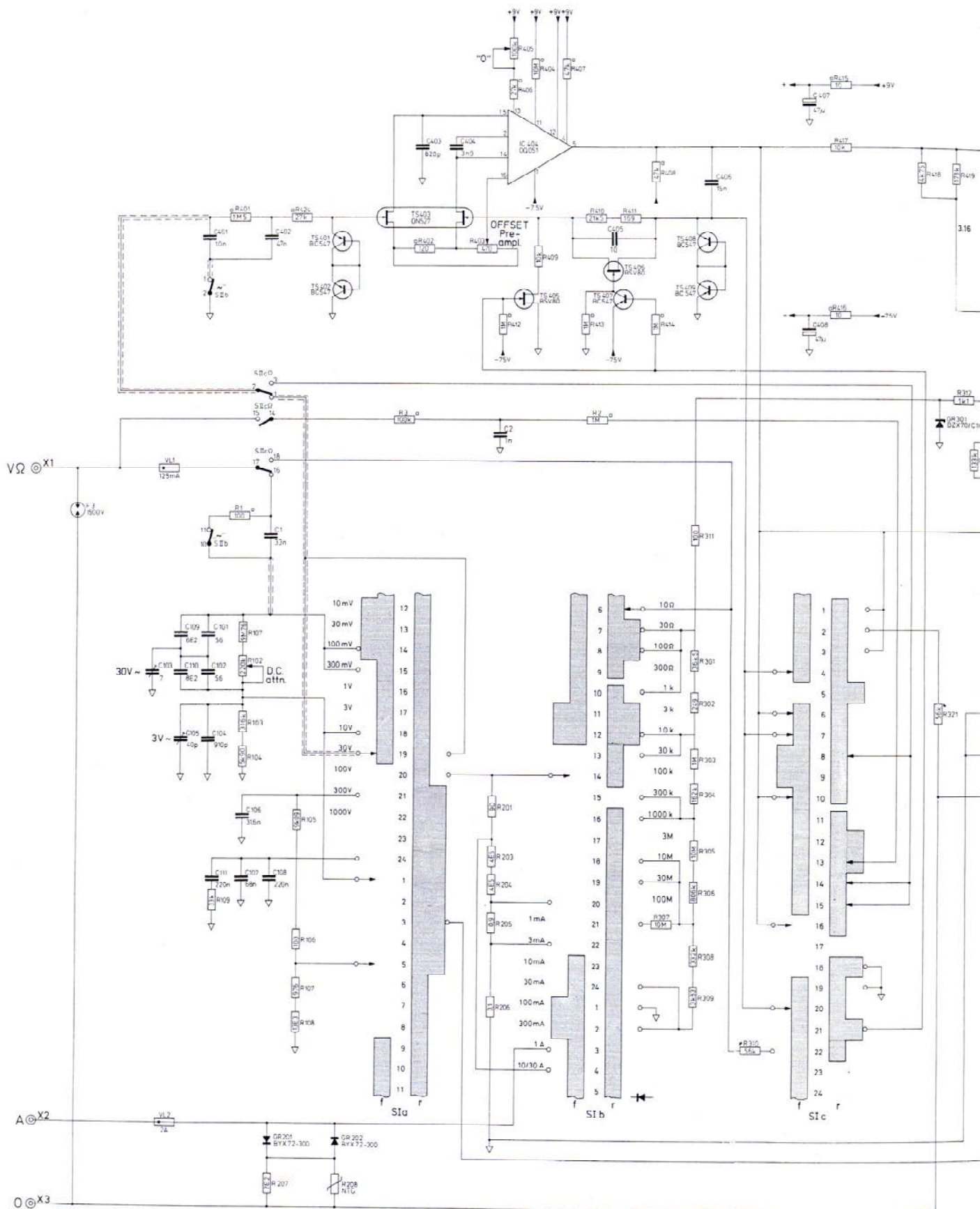


Fig. 33 Positive film of range selector S1



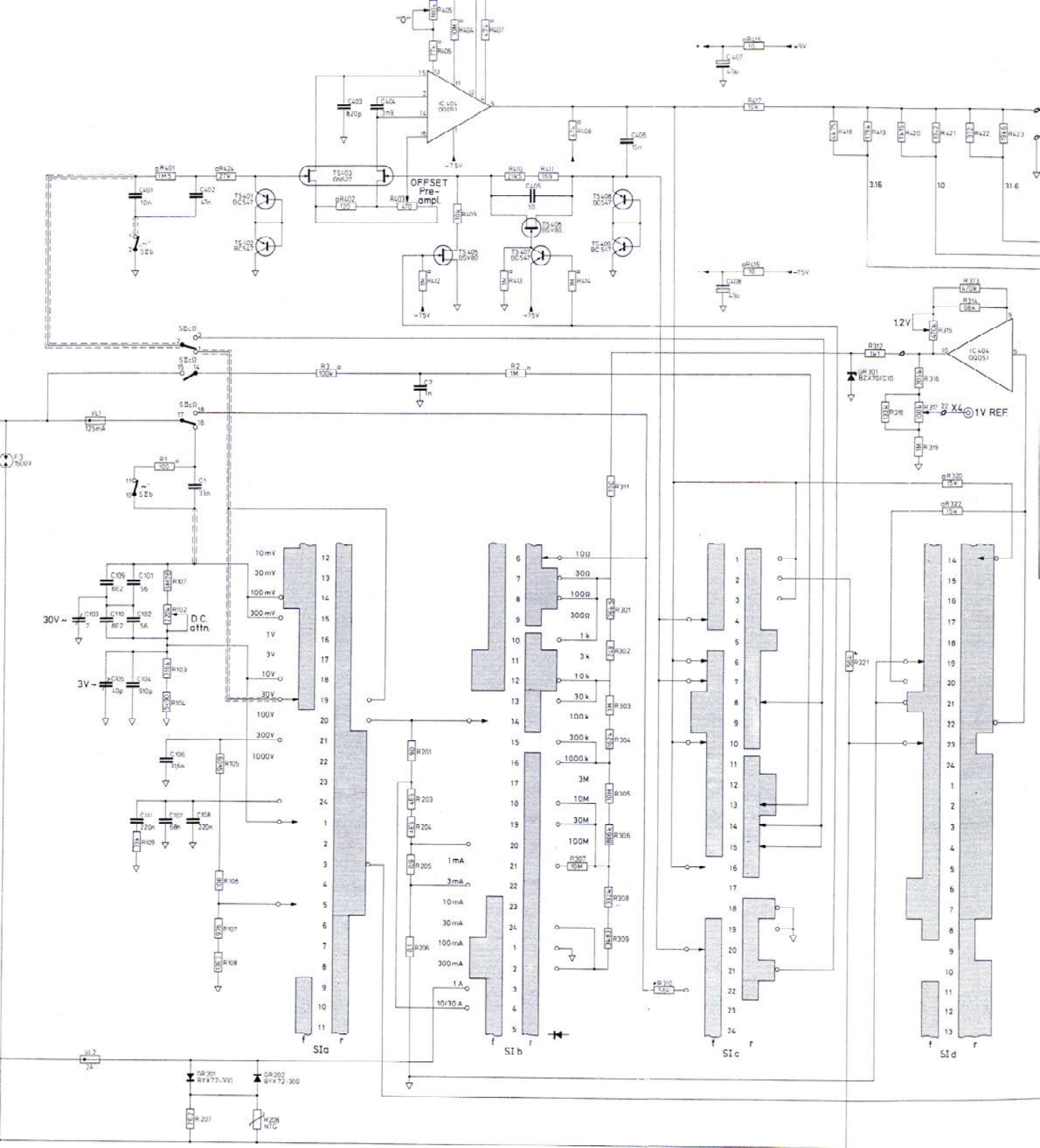




Fig. 32 Circuit diagram PM 2504

QUALITY REPORTING

CODING SYSTEM FOR FAILURE DESCRIPTION

The following information is meant for Philips service workshops only and serves as a guide for exact reporting of service repairs and maintenance routines on the workshop charts.

For full details reference is made to Information G1 (Introduction) and Information Cd 689 (Specific information for Test and Measuring Instruments).

LOCATION

Unit number

e.g. 000A or 0001 (for unit A or 1; **not** 00UA
or 00U1)

or: Type number of an accessory (only if delivered
with the equipment)

e.g. 9051 or 9532 (for PM 9051 or PM 9532)

or: Unknown/Not applicable
0000

CATEGORY

☐

- 0 Unknown, not applicable (fault not present,
intermittent or disappeared)
- 1 Software error
- 2 Readjustment
- 3 Electrical repair (wiring, solder joint, etc.)
- 4 Mechanical repair (polishing, filing, remachining, etc.)
- 5 Replacement
- 6 Cleaning and/or lubrication
- 7 Operator error
- 8 Missing items (on pre-sale test)
- 9 Environmental requirements are not met

COMPONENT/SEQUENCE NUMBER

Enter the identification as used in the circuit diagram,
e.g.:

GR1003	Diode GR1003
TS0023	Transistor TS23
IC0101	Integrated circuit IC101
R0....	Resistor, potentiometer
C0....	Capacitor, variable capacitor
B0....	Tube, valve
LA....	Lamp
VL....	Fuse
SK....	Switch
BU....	Connector, socket, terminal
T0....	Transformer
L0....	Coil
X0....	Crystal
CB....	Circuit block
RE....	Relay
BA....	Battery
TR....	Chopper

Parts not identified in the circuit diagram:

990000	Unknown/Not applicable
990001	Cabinet or rack (text plate, emblem, grip, rail, graticule, etc.)
990002	Knob (incl. dial knob, cap, etc.)
990003	Probe (only if attached to instrument)
990004	Leads and associated plugs
990005	Holder (valve, transistor, fuse, board, etc.)
990006	Complete unit (p.w. board, h.t. unit, etc.)
990007	Accessory (only those without type number)
990008	Documentation (manual, supplement, etc.)
990009	Foreign object
990099	Miscellaneous

This parts list does not contain multi-purpose and standard parts. These components are indicated in the circuit diagram by means of identification marks. The specification can be derived from the survey below.

Diese Ersatzteilliste enthält keine Universal- und Standard-Teile. Diese sind im jeweiligen Prinzipschaltbild mit Kennzeichnungen versehen. Die Spezifikation kann aus nachstehender Übersicht abgeleitet werden.

In deze stuklijst zijn geen universele en standaardonderdelen opgenomen. Deze componenten zijn in het prinsipschema met een merkteken aangegeven. De specificatie van deze merktekens is hieronder vermeld.

La présente liste ne contient pas des pièces universelles et standard. Celles-ci ont été repérées dans le schéma de principe. Leurs spécifications sont indiquées ci-dessous.

Esta lista de componentes no comprende componentes universales ni standard. Estos componentes están provistos en el esquema de principio de una marca. El significado de estas marcas se indica a continuación.

	Carbon resistor E24 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E24 Koolweerstand E24 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E24 Resistencia de carbón, serie E24	0,125 W	5%		Carbon resistor E12 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E12 Koolweerstand E12 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E12 Resistencia de carbón, serie E12	1 W ≤ 2,2 MΩ, 5% > 2,2 MΩ, 10%	
	Carbon resistor E12 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E12 Koolweerstand E12 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E12 Resistencia de carbón, serie E12	0,25 W ≤ 1 MΩ, 5% > 1 MΩ, 10%			Carbon resistor E12 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E12 Koolweerstand E12 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E12 Resistencia de carbón, serie E12	2 W	5%
	Carbon resistor E24 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E24 Koolweerstand E24 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E24 Resistencia de carbón, serie E24	0,5 W ≤ 5 MΩ, 1% > 5 MΩ, 2% > 10 MΩ, 5%			Wire-wound resistor Drahtwiderstand Draadgewonden weerstand Résistance bobinée Resistencia bobinada	0,4 – 1,8 W	0,5%
	Carbon resistor E12 series Kohleschichtwiderstand, Reihe E12 Koolweerstand E12 reeks Résistance au carbone, série E12 Resistencia de carbón, serie E12	0,5 W ≤ 1,5 MΩ, 5% > 1,5 MΩ, 10%			Wire-wound resistor Drahtwiderstand Draadgewonden weerstand Résistance bobinée Resistencia bobinada	5,5 W ≤ 200 Ω, 10% > 200 Ω, 5%	
	Wire-wound resistor Drahtwiderstand Draadgewonden weerstand Résistance bobinée Resistencia bobinada	10 W	5%				
	Tubular ceramic capacitor Rohrkondensator Keramische kondensator, buistype Condensateur céramique tubulaire Condensador cerámico tubular	500 V			Polyester capacitor Polyesterkondensator Polyesterkondensator Condensateur au polyester Condensador polyester	400 V	
	Tubular ceramic capacitor Rohrkondensator Keramische kondensator, buistype Condensateur céramique tubulaire Condensador cerámico tubular	700 V			Flat-foil polyester capacitor Miniatur-Polyesterkondensator (flacn) Platte miniatur polyesterkondensator Condensateur au polyester, type plat Condensador polyester, tipo de placas planas	250 V	
	Ceramic capacitor, "pin-up" Keramikkondensator "Pin-up" (Perltyp) Keramische kondensator "Pin-up" type Condensateur céramique, type perle Condensador cerámico, versión "colgable"	500 V			Paper capacitor Papierkondensator Papierkondensator Condensateur au papier Condensador de papel	1000 V	
	"Microplate" ceramic capacitor Miniatur-Scheibenkondensator "Microplate" keramische kondensator Condensateur céramique "microplate" Condensador cerámico "microplaca"	30 V			Wire-wound trimmer Drahttrimmer Draadgewonden trimmer Trimmer à fil Trimmer bobinado		
	Mica capacitor Glimmerkondensator Micakondensator Condensateur au mica Condensador de mica	500 V			Tubular ceramic trimmer Rohrtrimmer Buisvormige keramische trimmer Trimmer céramique tubulaire Trimmer cerámico tubular		



For multi-purpose and standard parts, please see PHILIPS' Service Catalogue.

Für die Universal- und Standard-Teile siehe den PHILIPS Service-Katalog.

Voor universele en standaardonderdelen raadplege men de PHILIPS Service Catalogue.

Pour les pièces universelles et standard veuillez consulter le Catalogue Service PHILIPS.

Para piezas universales y standard consulte el Catálogo de Servicio PHILIPS.